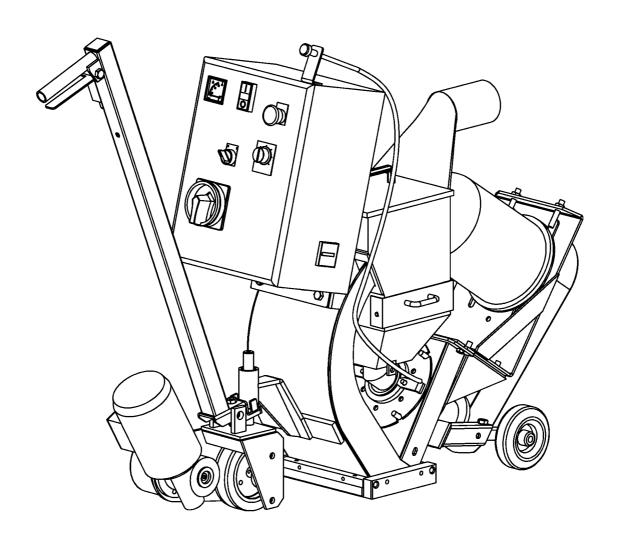
# Operating Instructions 1-8DPS30 220V-SP





MAN-1-8DPS30 220V-SP-EN

#### **Blastrac BV**

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Design and specifications are subject to change without notice - May 2006



## 1-8DPS30 220V-SP

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## **Technical data**

## **Contents Chapter 1**

- 1.1 Rating
- 1.2 Unit specifications
- 1.3 Operative range and correct usage
- 1.4 Stand-by power supply (generator)
- 1.5 Machine type designation
- 1.6 Advice for operators of blast cleaning machines



## **Technical data**

#### 1.1 Rating

Unit / designation : Blastrac blast cleaning machine

: 1-8DPS30 220V-SP Machine type

Manufacturer : Blastrac

Utrechthaven 12

NL-3433PN Nieuwegein THE NETHERLANDS

## 1.2 Unit specifications

## Dimensions:

	1-8DPS30 220V-SP
Length	1400 mm
Width	400 mm
Height	1000 mm
Weight	125 kg

Connected loads (electrical system):

The indicated input current values correspond to the nominal current values of the motors working under full load. These values are not achieved under normal operating conditions.

1-8DPS-30 220V-SP	Power	Input		
	consumption	cu	rrent	
Blast wheel drive	3,0 kW	max.	13	Α
Drive motor	0,18 kW	max.	1,5	A

Electrical connection required: 220V, 60 Hz, 16 A, CEE plug

	Rated speed	Enclosure
Drive of blast wheel	2830 min <sup>-1</sup>	IP 54
Drive of drive motor	3000 min <sup>-1</sup>	IP 44

#### 1-8DPS30 220V-SP

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## **Technical data**

Blast wheel size : 165 mm Ø

Working width : 200 mm

Drive speed : 0,5 - 23 m/min

Blast cleaning output 3,0 kW : up to 50 m<sup>2</sup>/h on concrete

Dust hose connection : 75 mm Ø

Recommended abrasive : Media No. 2 - No. 4

Abrasive consumption : 100 q/m<sup>2</sup>

Recommended filter unit : contact Blastrac for a

suitable filter unit

## 1.3 Operative range and correct usage

The 1-8DPS30 220V-SP is exclusively designed to clean dry, frost-free horizontal surfaces. machine may not be used for other purposes. The manufacturer will not be liable for damage resulting from such incorrect usage. In these cases the user assumes all risks.



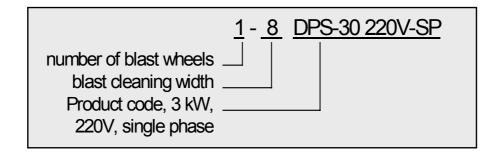
### 1.4 Stand-by power supply (generator)

If the 1-8DPS30 220V-SP blast cleaning machine is operated using a generator, this generator must be operated in accordance with the current VDE directives (this applies to the protective earth conductor in particular) in order to ensure that all safety devices are functioning and to eliminate possible damage to electrical components.



## **Technical data**

## Machine type designation



## 1.6 Advise for operators of blast cleaning machine



In accordance with the accident prevention regulations for blast cleaning work (VBG 48) the operator must provide operating instructions for blast cleaning work in a form and language that is understandable.

The blast cleaning machine Operating Instructions are only part of these operating instructions. Please consult the current accident prevention regulations for the precise content.





Before operation, please make inquiries after the surfaces to be treated in view of health hazard or carcinogenic materials. When a different filter material is needed for the filter unit, please contact our local Blastrac customer service department.

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## Safety instructions

## **Contents Chapter 2**

- 2.0 Warnings and symbols
- 2.1 Organisational measures
- 2.2 Personnel selection and qualification
- 2.3 Safety precautions applicable to different operating conditions
- 2.4 Special work within the scope of use of the equipment and maintenance activities as well as repairs during operation
- 2.5 Definition of the Safety off position
- 2.6 Particular dangerous aspects of the equipment
- 2.7 Electrical engineering regulations



1-8DPS30 220V-SP

## Safety instructions

## 2.0 Warnings and symbols

The following denominations and symbols are used in the Operating Instructions to highlight areas of particular importance:





Symbol of operational safety.

In these Operating Instructions this symbol will be shown next to all safety precautions that are to be taken in order to ensure prevention to life and injury. Follow these instructions and take special care in addition circumstances. In to instructions, the general safety precautions and accident prevention guidelines are also to be followed.



Particular details regarding the economical use of the equipment.









Information, instructions and restrictions with regard to possible risks to persons or to extensive material damages.

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## Safety instructions

Warning against dangerous voltages.



Indications relating to protective devices in electrical appliances.



**Indications** consultation with where the manufacturer is required.



Instructions relating to periodical checks.



Reference to important instructions contained in the **Operating Instructions.** 



## 2.1 Organisational measures

The Operating Instructions are to be kept near the location where the machine is located and must be within reach at all times!



In addition to the Operating Instructions general and legal regulations regarding accident prevention and environmental protection must be complied with and indicated!

Such duties may for example relate to the handling of hazardous substances or to the provision and wearing of personal protection equipment as well as compliance with traffic regulations.

## Safety instructions

The Operating Instructions must be supplemented by instructions including the duty to supervise and report relating to particular working practices, for example work organisation, work procedures and personnel allocation.

Personnel entrusted with working with the machine must have read the Operating Instructions before starting work, in particular the Safety Instructions chapter. To read these instructions during work is too late. This particularly applies to incidental activities such as setting up the equipment, carrying out maintenance work or training staff to work with the machine.

From time to time the working practices of the staff are to be checked regarding awareness of safety and hazards.

Personnel must tie back long hair and not wear loose clothing or jewellery including rings. There is a risk of injury through getting stuck or being drawn into moving machinery.



Use **personnel protection equipment** if necessary or required by regulations! Take notice of all safety and hazard notices on the machine!

All safety and hazard notices at or on the machine must be kept complete and legible!

If safety-critical changes occur to the machine or its working method, the machine must be shut down immediately! The cause of the fault must be established immediately!



**Changes**, add-ons or conversions to the machine which might impair safety must not be undertaken without the manufacturer's permission!

This applies in particular to the fitting and adjustment of safety devices as well as to welding on load-bearing parts.

Spare parts must comply with the technical requirements specified by the manufacturer. This is always guaranteed if original spare parts are used.

Intervals for recurring checks and inspections specified in these Operating Instructions must be complied with!

#### 1-8DPS30 220V-SP

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## Safety instructions

To perform maintenance work correctly it is imperative to be equipped with the proper tools for the task in question.

The **location** and the operation of **fire extinguishers** must be made known on each building site!

Take note of the facilities for reporting and fighting fires!

## 2.2 Personnel selection and qualification

Fundamental duties:

Work on the machine may only be undertaken by **reliable personnel**.

Only trained personnel may be deployed. Note the statutory minimum age! Specify clearly the responsibilities of personnel for operation, setting up, servicing and maintenance work!

Make sure that only authorised personnel operate or work on the machine!

Define responsibilities of the machine operator also regarding to traffic safety regulations and empower him to decline instructions from third parties which are not complying with the safety requirements!

Personnel being trained or made acquainted with the equipment may only be deployed on the machine under constant supervision of an experienced person!

## Safety precautions applicable to different operating conditions

Ban any method of working that **impairs safety!** 



## Safety instructions



Only operate the machine when all safety devices and related safety equipment, e.g. detachable safety devices, emergency stops and suction devices are present and operational!

Check the machine visually for any damage and defects at least once a day!

In the event of operational malfunctions the machine must be shut down immediately and secured, and the fault must be rectified!



Secure the work area around the machine in public areas providing a **safety distance** of at least 2m from the machine.

Before switching on the machine make sure that no-one can be endangered when the machine starts up!

Do not switch of or remove the exhaust and ventilation devices when the machine is running!



All persons in the proximity of the machine must wear safety glasses with lateral protection as well as safety shoes. The operator is obliged to wear close-fitting protective clothing.



Use only extension cable for extending the main cable that are sized and marked in accordance with the overall power consumption of the machine and the valid VDE guidelines.

2.4 Special work within the scope of use of the equipment and maintenance activities as well as repairs during operation

Mechanical servicing work:

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## Safety instructions

Put the machine in the **Safety off position** as described in chapter 2.5 for any servicing work on the machine in order to prevent the machine from being switched on accidentally.

Please follow any special **safety instructions** in the various chapters on servicing the machine.

See chapter 7.1 - 7.19.

Adjustment, servicing and inspection work and time limits specified in these Operating Instructions as well as any information on the replacement of parts and equipment must be undertaken and/or complied with!

These activities may only be undertaken by **qualified personnel**.

Do not use any aggressive cleaning materials! Use lint-free cleaning cloths!

Always tighten any screw connections that are undone during servicing and maintenance work!

If safety devices need to be dismantled during setting up, servicing and repairs, these safety devices must be reinstalled and inspected immediately after completion of the servicing and repair work.

Make sure that process materials and replaced parts are disposed of safely and in an environmentally-friendly manner!

## **Electrical servicing work:**

Make sure that electrical components used for replacement purposes comply with the original parts and are correctly adjusted if necessary.

For safety notes see 2.7 Electrical engineering regulations.

## 2.5 Definition of the Safety off position

#### **Definition:**

The machine is in a safe condition when it cannot generate any hazard.

## Safety instructions

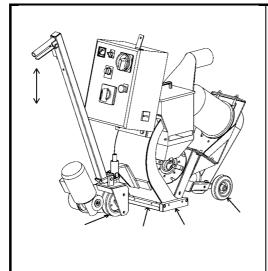
Putting the equipment in the Safety off position means:

- Close the magnetic valve.
- $\overline{\mathbf{V}}$ Switch of the blast machine.
- Switch off the dust collector.  $\mathbf{\Lambda}$
- Wait for standstill of all drives.  $\overline{\mathbf{Q}}$
- $\overline{\mathbf{Q}}$ Pull out mains plug.

## 2.6 Particular dangerous aspects of the equipment



Any machine, if it is **not used according the regulations**, may be hazardous for operating, setting-up and service personnel. The operating authority is responsible for compliance with the safety regulations during operation and maintenance of safety devices supplied with the machine as well as the provision of appropriate additional safety devices!



## 1. Blast housing outlet

## Danger of injury!

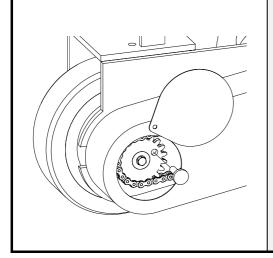
Abrasive leaves housing with high speed! Moving parts!

Lift and cant the machine only when it is in Safety off position.

It is not allowed to stay within the working radius of the machine!



## Safety instructions

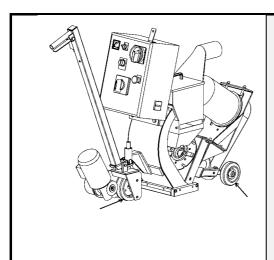


2. Drive assembly, quick release pin

Danger of injury! Moving parts!

Be very careful with inserting the quick release pin.

Only authorised personnel may operate the machine!



3. Wheels

## Danger of injury!

Moving parts!

It is not allowed to stay within the working radius of the machine!

#### 2.7 **Electrical engineering regulations**

Work on electrical equipment or operating materials may only be undertaken by a skilled electrician or by trained persons under the guidance and supervision of a skilled electrician as well as in accordance with the electrical engineering regulations.



Use only extension cable for extending the main cable that are sized and marked in accordance with the overall power consumption of the machine and the valid VDE guidelines.







## Safety instructions



The electrical equipment for the plant must inspected regularly. Please note in particular the specified recurring inspections according EN60204-1. Defects such as loose connections or scorched cables must be rectified immediately. Call a skilled electrician or our Customer Services.

A **second** person must be deployed who can pull out the plug in an emergency if work on live parts is necessary. The work area must be sealed off using a red and white safety chain and a danger sign. Use a tool that is insulated against voltages.

Only start work once you are familiar with the electrical engineering regulations that apply to your area.

Only use voltage seekers that **comply with the regulations** when troubleshooting. From time to time check voltage seekers to ensure that they are operationally efficient.



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## General

## **Contents Chapter 3**

- 3.1 Introduction
- Operating instructions 3.2
- 3.3 Connections
- 3.4 Care and maintenance
- Scope of supply 3.5
- Description 3.6
- 3.7 Control box
- 3.8 Operating elements
- 3.9 Blast wheel
- 3.10 Separator
- 3.11 Drive mechanism
- 3.12 Abrasive sealing
- 3.13 Air suction and filter system
- 3.14 Abrasive media



#### General

## 3.1 Introduction

Blastrac wants to thank you for your decision to employ the blast cleaning machine 1-8DPS30 220V-SP for the treatment of horizontal surfaces.

The machine has a closed abrasive circuit with dust separation. This comprehensively avoids damaging the environment and endangering the operating staff.

The 1-8DPS30 220V-SP is designed to remove coatings, bitumen and asphalt on different types of horizontal surfaces.

## 3.2 Operating instructions

This manual has been written to support the operating personnel on learning the functioning of the machine and to guarantee optimum operation and maintenance.



Therefore it is important that all persons operating and maintaining the machine read this manual carefully and understand it fully.

The supplied machine has been manufactured for being employed in the user's country. All descriptions and notes have been formulated in the language of the user's country or in English in accordance with the statutory regulations, or shown as pictograms. If the customer deploys personnel with little knowledge of the language of the user's country, appropriate instruction and training must be provided.



Before using the machine personnel must be familiar with how to operate the machine, with all important components, with the method of working and with its dimensions.



Blastrac offers a course on the use of the machine in order to make the operating and maintenance personnel familiar with all elements of the blast cleaning machine.

## 1-8DPS30 220V-SP

## 



General

Initial commissioning of the machine must be carried out very carefully. The machine operator must fully understand the sequence of commissioning of the individual parts and their functioning.



All persons in the proximity of the machine in operation must wear safety glasses with lateral protection and safety shoes. The machine operator must wear close-fitting protective clothing.



#### 3.3 Connections

Voltage	Connection type	Power consumption	Operating current
220V 60Hz	CEE-plug 16A	approx. 3,5 kW	approx. 13 A

#### 3.4 Care and maintenance

Special attendance and regular maintenance of the machine and its parts are imperative for functioning and safety.

In order to prevent unnecessary downtimes it is recommended to keep original spare and wear parts on stock as listed in the maintenance box.

A list of contents of the maintenance box is provided in Chapter 10 to enable the above-mentioned work to be carried out quickly.





#### 3.5 Scope of supply

Scope of supply of the machine:

- Blast cleaning machine (1-8DPS30 220V-SP)
- Filter unit
- Dust hose (10 m)
- Operating instructions
- Maintenance box (option)
- Magnetic broom (option)

#### 3.6 **Description**

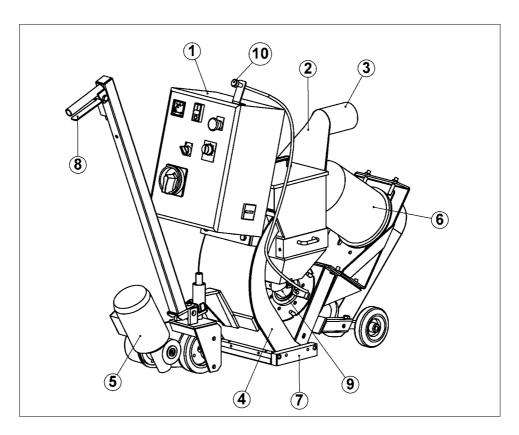


Fig. 3.1

- 1 Control box
- 2 Separator
- 3 Filter connection
- 4 Rebound plenum
- 5 Drive mechanism
- 6 Blast wheel motor
- 7 Blast head, magnets, brush sealing
- 8 Dead man's handle
- Feed spout
- 10 Abrasive control handle



The Blastrac blast cleaning machine 1-8DPS30 220V-SP is a downward blasting machine with a closed abrasive circuit designed for the pre-treatment of horizontal surfaces. The bouncing impact of metallic abrasive onto the surface to be treated thoroughly removes surface contaminants, coats of paint, sealants and thin coatings.

Like many revolutionary inventions the blast wheel method is based on a simple principle: after mechanical pre-acceleration the abrasive is thrown onto the surface at high speed by the blast wheel. Once the abrasive has impacted on the surface it rebounds into a rebound plenum. The rebound plenum deflects the abrasive into an air current separator. Here dust and other contaminants are removed from the abrasive so that only abrasive containing a very small amount of dust is fed into the abrasive storage hopper for re-use by the blast wheel.

A suitable filter unit must be connected to the machine in order to separate the dust from the abrasive.

A specially designed dust collection system ensures dust-free operation of the machine and clean air at the workspace.



Fig. 3.2

## General

#### 3.7 **Control box**

The control box is equipped with all control elements and instruments for monitoring and controlling the blast cleaning machine.

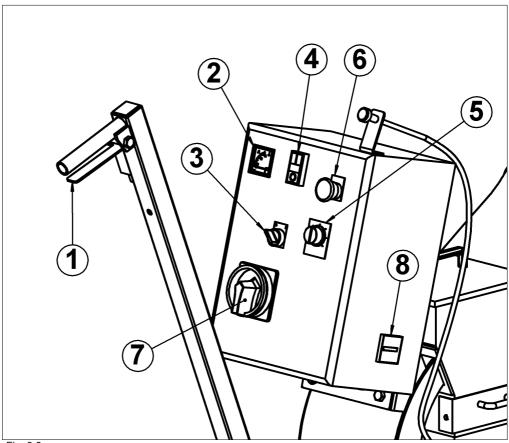


Fig. 3.3

- Trip lever 1
- 2 Ammeter
- Selection switch forward/backward 8
- Switch "Blast wheel ON/OFF"
- Drive speed control
- 6 Emergency shutdown switch
  - Main switch
    - Hour counter

## Main switch

The main switch is located on the control box. It has to be switched on before operation.

## 



General

## **Emergency shutdown switch**

The emergency shutdown is a red mushroom-shaped press switch on a yellow background. Pressing this switch immediately interrupts power supply to all machine components.

#### Push buttons "Blast wheel ON/OFF"

Pressing the push button "Blast wheel ON" switches the blast wheel motor on. Pressing the push button "Blast wheel OFF" cuts off the motor power supply immediately.

#### Selection switch forward/backward

This switch controls the direction of the drive motor. Position "right" - Blast cleaning direction of movement backwards Position "left" - Move forward direction

## **Drive speed control**

Although this indication does not allow direct reading of the actual speed, it shows comparing numbers allowing the operator to set the appropriate speed.

#### **Ammeter**

The ammeter shows the load consumption of the blast wheel motor. When switching on the motor the current value is high (starting current peak), for no-load current and operating current please see the following values.

Machine	No-load current	Operating current
1-8DPS30 220V-SP	approx. 5	Max. 13
1-8DPS40	approx. 3,5 A	max. 8 A
1-8DPS55	approx. 4,5 A	max. 11 A
1-8DPS75	approx. 6,0 A	max. 15 A

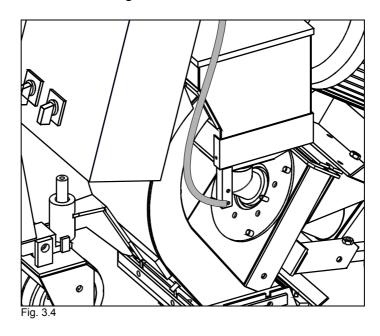
#### Hour counter

The hour counter shows the sum of the actual working hours performed by the blast wheel.

## 3.8 Operating elements

#### The abrasive valve

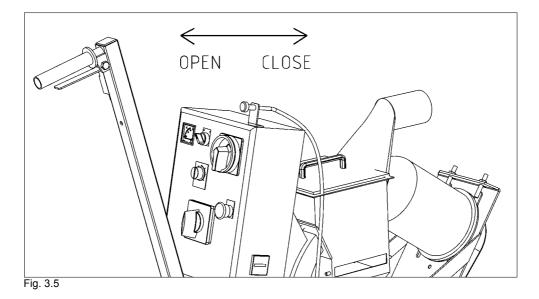
Between the abrasive storage hopper and the feed spout there is a valve incorporating a permanent magnet in order to control the abrasive flow towards the blast wheels. Any change in the opening of the magnetic valve causes the amount of abrasive fed to the blast wheel to change. The change in the abrasive fed can be read from the ammeter. The valve is hand-operated and can be adjusted so that any quantity of abrasive can be fed to the blast wheel. Optimum blast cleaning power is reached when the ammeter indicates the operating current. It is not permitted to blast with a higher current value.





#### Abrasive control lever

This lever is located on the control box and regulates the magnetic valve to control the flow of abrasive towards the blast wheel. The valve is hand-operated and can be set to each amount of abrasive throughput by changing the lever position.



Abrasive control OPEN / CLOSE

#### On/Off switch Drive motor

The switch lever (1) below the control handle serves for controlling the drive motor. Actuating the switch lever closes the power circuit to switch on

the drive motor. When the lever is released the drive motor switches off (dead man's handle).



Fig. 3.6

#### General

#### 3.9 Blast wheel

The heart of the blast cleaning machine is the blast wheel which throws the abrasive onto the surface to be cleaned by using centrifugal force. The blast wheel is placed in a protective housing lined with replaceable wear plates. The blast wheel is driven by an electric motor.

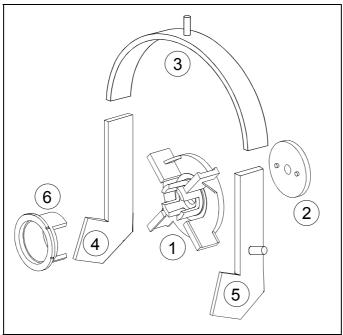


Fig. 3.7

Around the centre of the blast wheel there is the impeller (4 notches) feeding dosed quantities of abrasive onto the blades of the turning blast wheel. On top of this is the control cage which, once it is carefully set, regulates the flow of abrasive.

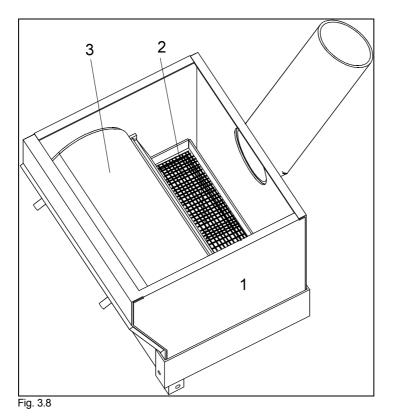
- 1 Blast wheel
- 2 Wheel hub
- 3 Top liner
- Left liner 4
- 5 Right liner
- 6 Control cage



## 3.10 Separator

The abrasive separator is mounted to the end of the rebound plenum. It separates the abrasive from contaminants and feeds the cleaned abrasive back to the abrasive circuit.

A wire mesh is fitted to prevent any coarse contaminants from getting into the blast wheel. In order to clean the wire mesh drawer the separator cover can be removed or the wire mesh drawer can be removed from the side.



- 1 Separator
- Separator drawer (wire mesh) 2
- Deflector

## General

#### 3.11 Drive mechanism

The machine 1-8DPS30 220V-SP is driven by a 0,18 kW electric drive motor. The power is transmitted via a chain drive. The drive wheel and the chain disk are not linked rigidly. They are only linked after insertion of the quick release pin.

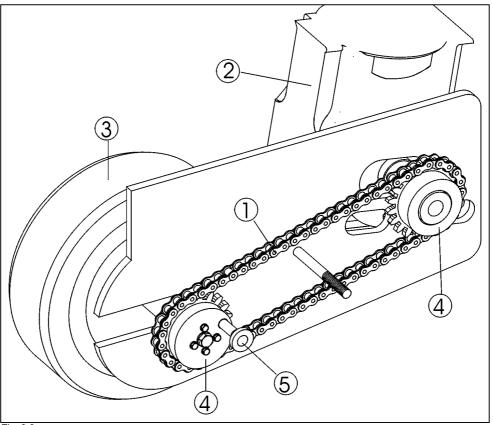


Fig. 3.9

- 1 Chain drive
- 2 Drive motor
- 3 Drive wheel
- 4 Chain disks
- 5 Quick release pin

3



## 3.12 Abrasive sealing

Magnetic seals are fitted to the front and the sides of the blast housing outlet and are surrounded by brush seals. At the rear there are two seals sliding over the floor.

The seals are employed to seal the blasting area in a way to avoid leakage of any abrasive.

The correct height adjustment of the magnetic seals (6-8 mm) is very important for optimum functionability of the machine. The adjustment can be carried out by means of setting screws on the wheels and on the drive mechanism of the machine.

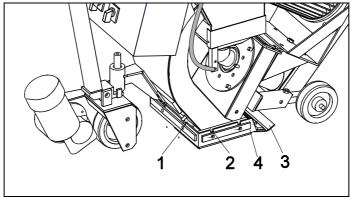


Fig. 3.10

- Front magnet
- Side magnet 2
- 3 Rear seal
- Base seal



1-8DPS-30 220V-SP

#### General

## 3.13 Air suction and filter system

The sucked-in air streaming through the complete system when the blast cleaning machine and the filter unit are in operation has the following functions:

	Cooling	of the	blast	wheel
_			Diasi	VVIICCI

- Cooling of the abrasive
- Transport of the abrasive
- ☐ Transport of dust through the system
- ☐ Separation of dust from the re-useable abrasive
- Transport of dust to the filter unit



The correct height adjustment of the machine (6-8 mm) is of utmost importance. There must be no leaks in the blast housing, at the control cage and in the dust separator.

All connection points must be sealed carefully and the dust hose must be fixed with hose clamps!

The filter housing must be sealed properly and all sealings must be in good condition!

If dust leaves the filter unit instead of clean air, this is a sign that the filter cartridges are either damaged or not fixed correctly inside the filter chamber.

The air streams through the machine as follows:



- ☐ Air is sucked in at the rear seal and carries along abrasive and dust.
- ☐ The air stream flows through the rebound plenum and carries along abrasive and dust. In doing so the air stream cools the abrasive and the housing walls.
- ☐ The air enters the separator, separates the fine dust from the abrasive and transports the dust to the outlet opening. The separator cover must be closed air-tight in order to grant an optimum performance of the separator.
- ☐ The air stream then flows through the approx. 10 m long flexible dust hose taking dust and fine particles with it.



☐ The air stream now enters the filter chamber of the filter unit where the dust and the fine particles are separated from the air. The cleaned air is then fed into the environment again.

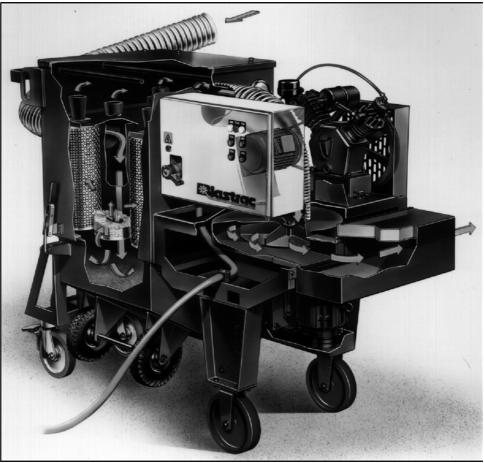


Fig. 3.12



## 3.14 Abrasive media

In order to operate the Blastrac machine 1-8DPS30 220V-SP you need hardened, spherical abrasive. The machine 1-8DPS30 220V-SP has been especially designed to be operated with **Blastrac** abrasive.

The Blastrac abrasive is of very high quality and owns the rebouncing ability required for the efficient use of the 1-8DPS30 220V-SP. The selection of the abrasive is very important since this is the material to carry out the surface treatment.



Fig. 3.13

1-8DPS-30 220V-SP

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$\mathbf{u}$	, , ,	•	u	

## Selection of abrasive

#### Media No. 2:

Applications:

- creates fine profiles, e.g. on vacuum concrete and non-glazed
- removes thin layers of paint

Is often used when the surface is only subsequently sealed.

## Media No. 3:

Applications:

- creates a fine to medium texture on concrete
- removes glazing from tiles prior to subsequently coating with antiskid floor sealings
- removes old impregnations and coatings about 1 mm thick

#### Media No. 4:

Standard abrasive, suitable for about 50-60 % of all applications. Creates a medium profile on concrete. Fulfils the same purpose as Media No. 3 when a higher speed of the machine is required, e.g. on asphalt, in order to keep the thermal load low.

#### Applications:

- removes laitance from new concrete
- roughening of smooth concrete or natural stone
- removes coatings with a thickness of 1-3 mm and cleaning of steel surfaces

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#### General

#### Media No. 5:

This media is used to create a coarse profile or to increase the work speed in the case of surfaces hard to treat.

# Applications:

- removes sediments on concrete prior to coating
- removes thick paint coatings or rust from steel surfaces, bridges, tanks, etc.
- removes flexible coatings on parking house decks
- removes road markings and retexturing of asphalt and concrete roads

## Media No. 8:

Only as an addition to Media No. 3, No. 4 and No. 5 with maximum 30% content.

## Applications:

- removes polyurethane coatings
- removes adhesive remnants
- removes rubber deposits
- penetrates coatings hard to remove
- also suitable to be used on steel



### General



Media No. 8 should never be used without blending since otherwise the wear in the machine as a whole would increase disproportionately.

The effectiveness of the 1-8DPS30 220V-SP depends on the rebound effect which ensures that the abrasive can be re-used.

Please take into account that the use of incorrect abrasive increases wear.



Our service engineers have the experience to select the appropriate abrasive for the individual cases of application.

Please consult our local Blastrac customer service department if you have any questions about the selection of the best abrasive for your blast cleaning work.

Blastrac Media No. 2 - S00002

Blastrac Media No. 3 - S00003

Blastrac Media No. 4 - S00004

Blastrac Media No. 5 - S00005

Blastrac Media No. 8 - S00008

## 1-8DPS30 220V-SP

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# **Transport**

## **Contents Chapter 4**

- 4.1 General notes
- 4.2 Transport
- 4.3 Operation conditions
- 4.4 Operation
- 4.5 Unit specifications

## **Transport**

#### 4.1 **General notes**



Before the machine is used for the first time, Blastrac authorised dealers offer a course to familiarise maintenance and operating personnel with all elements of the machine. We are not liable for damage caused by incorrect use of the machine by personnel not trained by **Blastrac**.

#### 4.2 Transport

When transporting the machine proceed in such a manner that damage due to the effects of the use of force or incorrect loading and unloading is avoided.



Remove the abrasive from the machine before it is transported. The machine may only be lifted as shown in fig. 4.1. The weight and dimensions of the machine are shown in Chapter 1 "Technical data".

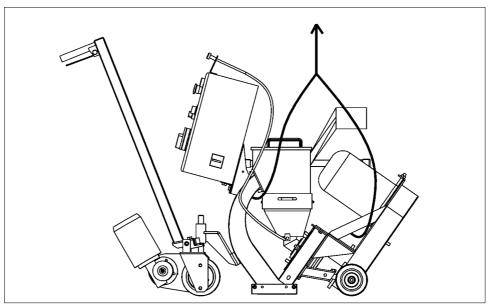


Fig. 4.1

The machine is to be transported after being separated into:

- Machine
- ☐ Filter unit
- □ General accessories

### 1-8DPS30 220V-SP

## **Operating Instructions**



## **Transport**

### 4.3 Operation conditions

Check the surface to be treated for loose parts (stones, screws, etc.). The surface must be swept if necessary. Make sure that the machine can travel over all inequalities on the surface. Small inequalities like weld seams or floor joints are no barriers for the machine.

### 4.4 Operation

The machine is operated in accordance with the instructions given in Chapter 5 "Initial operation".

Whenever the machine is not used for blast cleaning, the abrasive valve must always be closed!



Please note that the illustrations are simplified.

## 4.5 Unit specifications

The main dimensions and unit specifications of the machine when assembled are shown in Chapter 1 "Technical data".





# **Initial operation**

## **Contents Chapter 5**

- 5.1 Preparations for initial operation
- 5.2 Initial operation

## **Initial operation**

#### 5.1 **Preparations for initial operation**

Before switching on make sure that all existing protective housings are mounted and that the filter unit is connected correctly.



All persons in the proximity of the machine must wear safety glasses with lateral protection as well as safety shoes. The operator is obliged to wear close-fitting protective clothing.



Handle all plugs, cables, hoses and operating devices with care. Avoid any contact with live wires.

Works on the electrical system must only be carried out by qualified specialists.

Check the surface to be treated for loose parts (stones, screws, etc.). The surface must be swept if necessary. Make sure that the machine can travel over all inequalities on the surface. Small inequalities like weld seams or floor joints are no barriers for the machine.



Regular inspection is important in order to avoid downtimes. Carry out the following checks before any start-up:

- $\overline{\mathbf{A}}$ Check whether all machine parts are assembled safely and correctly.
- $\overline{\mathbf{A}}$ Check all screws and other fasteners for tight seat.
- $\overline{\mathbf{A}}$ Check the abrasive storage hopper, the feed spout and the blast wheel parts for foreign bodies and remove them.
- $\overline{\mathbf{A}}$ Check the blast wheel blades, impeller, control cage, liners and fastening screws for damages and wear.
- $\overline{\mathbf{V}}$ Check the magnetic and brush seals for wear.

## 1-8DPS30 220V-SP

## 



## **Initial operation**

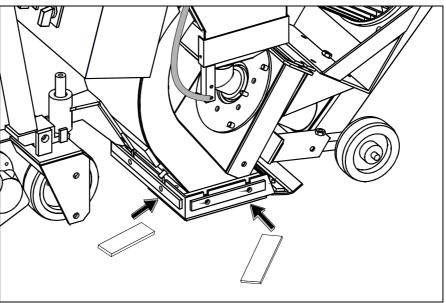
- Lubricate the wheel bearings of the drive wheel every 100 working  $\overline{\mathbf{A}}$ hours.
- Check the tightness of the hose connections and the condition of  $\overline{\mathbf{A}}$ the hose to the filter.
- Make sure the dust container of the filter unit is empty. Please  $\overline{\mathbf{A}}$ comply with the local waste treatment regulations considering the removed material.
- $\overline{\mathbf{A}}$ Check the separator parts for wear and defects. Remove foreign bodies and dust deposits in order to prevent the separator from being blocked.
- $\overline{\mathbf{A}}$ Check the electrical connections for dirt and foreign body deposits.
- Check the electrical motors for dirt and other contaminants.  $\overline{\mathbf{A}}$
- $\overline{\mathbf{Q}}$ Check the level of abrasive in the storage hopper. Refill if necessary.

## **Initial operation**



Before start-up the operating personnel must be familiar with the safety regulations given in this manual.

- $\overline{\mathbf{V}}$ Place the blast cleaning machine and the filter unit onto the surface to be treated. Remove the quick release pin in order to drive the machine manually.
- $\overline{\mathbf{A}}$ Check the height adjustment (approx. 6 - 8 mm) of the blast cleaning machine.



- Fig. 5.1
- $\overline{\mathbf{A}}$ For the height adjustment, a 6-8 mm sheet steel strip is shifted below the magnetic sealing.
- $\overline{\mathbf{A}}$ Check the main power cable and the dust hose for damage. Replace or repair all damaged parts before starting the machine.
- $\overline{\mathbf{A}}$ Connect the blast cleaning machine and the filter unit with the dust hose. Use hose clamps at the connections.



## **Initial operation**

 $\overline{\mathbf{A}}$ Connect the supply cable of the blast cleaning machine with the site supply. Make sure that the correct electric supply is available (220V, 60Hz, 16A for CEE-plug).

Check the functionability of the fault current breaker by pressing the test push button!



 $\overline{\mathbf{A}}$ Fill the separator equally with the selected abrasive (see Chapter 3.14) up to the bottom of the separator tray. The magnetic valve must be closed whilst doing this.

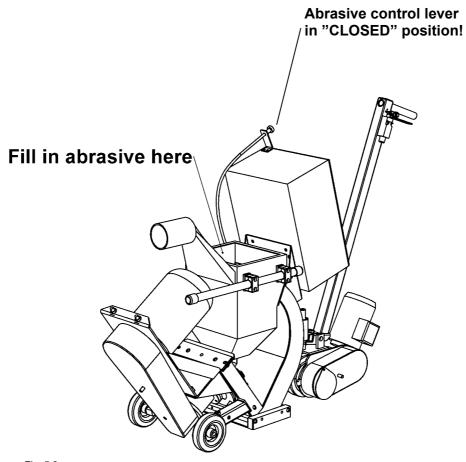


Fig. 5.2

 $\overline{\mathbf{A}}$ Check that the filter dust container has been emptied. Please comply with the local waste treatment regulations considering the removed material.



1-8DPS30 220V-SP

## **Initial operation**

#### 5.2 **Initial operation**



All persons in the proximity of the machine must wear safety glasses with lateral protection as well as safety shoes. The operator is obliged to wear close-fitting protective clothing.

The start of the blast cleaning machine and the filter unit is effected in the following sequence:

- Compressor "ON"
- Fan "ON"

#### 2 Initial operation of the blast cleaning machine

- Check that the magnetic valve is closed (black lever in position "CLOSED" Fig. 5.2).
- Check that the emergency shutdown switch is not actuated.
- Switch the main switch of the machine to "ON".

### Inserting the quick release pin

- Open the cover at the chain guard of the travel drive.
- Turn the potentiometer to position 1 (lowest speed).
- Keep the spring pressure button pressed down and insert the quick release pin into the bore of the chain disk.



## **Initial operation**

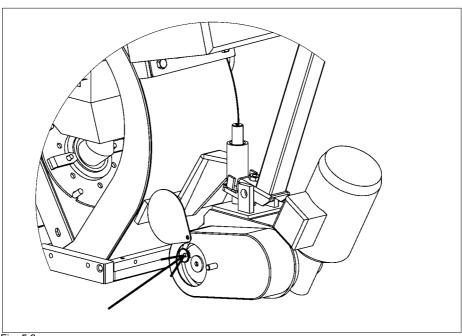


Fig. 5.3

- Actuate the drive switch. The chain disk starts to turn. Push the quick release pin slightly until it locks. The machine is now driven by the travel motor.
- Close the cover at the chain guard of the travel drive.
- Press the push button "Blast wheel ON". The blast wheel motor is started.
- Check the direction of rotation! When the blast wheel motor is rotating in the wrong direction, press the push button "Blast wheel OFF" and correct the direction of rotation with the phase-inverter switch.
- Observe the ammeter in order to check the power consumption of the blast wheel motor. The motor requires a lot of power (starting current) when it is started until it reaches its maximum speed.
- Once the blast wheel has reached its rated speed the current П drops to the no-load consumption.
- If the ammeter indicates a high load consumption after having reached the idle-running speed, the magnetic valve may be partially open or there may be another disturbance.

## **Initial operation**

- Find out the cause of the disturbance and, if necessary, contact your Blastrac customer service engineer.
- Set the travel direction switch to "backward" (working direction). Select the speed using the drive speed control knob.

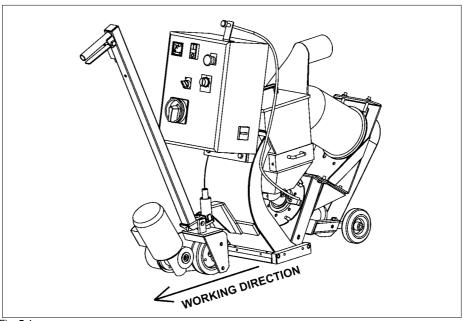
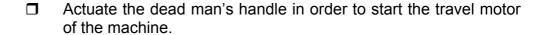


Fig. 5.4





When blast cleaning concrete the abrasive magnetic valve may only be opened when the blast cleaning machine is travelling! If the machine is at a standstill and the valve is open deep holes may be blasted into the concrete surface within seconds.

- When the machine is travelling, pull the black abrasive control lever to operate the magnetic valve. Observe the ammeter. It may indicate the full load amperage (depending on the selected abrasive up to the operating current (as shown in chapter 3.7).
- An indication exceeding the full load value means overloading of the motor, whereas an indication below the full load value shows that there is not enough abrasive fed to the blast wheel. If necessary re-adjust the cable to the magnetic valve or refill the hopper with abrasive.

### 1-8DPS30 220V-SP

## 



## **Initial operation**

- After having blasted approx. 2 m close the abrasive valve, stop the machine and check the blasted surface.
- If the blast pattern is irregular it may be necessary to re-adjust the blast pattern (see Chapter 7.5 "Setting the blast pattern") or select another travel speed for the machine.

When the blast head is lifted from the floor, abrasive escapes from the sides of the blast head at high speed. If the machine is moved with the blast head raised, the abrasive magnetic valve must be closed.



Alter the travel direction only after having closed the magnetic valve.



The dust container of the filter unit must be emptied regularly. Comply with the local waste treatment regulations considering the removed material.





## Operation

## **Contents Chapter 6**

- 6.1 Operation
- 6.2 Information about advancing speed
- 6.3 Recommended blast paths
- 6.4 Switching-off the machine
- 6.5 What to do if a fault occurs
- 6.6 Safety shutdown
- Restarting after a fault 6.7
- 6.8 Measures before and after long standstills

## Operation

#### 6.1 Operation

Normal start-up and operation of the blast machine 1-8DPS30 220V-Sp is no different from the procedure described in Chapter 5 "Initial operation".

Carry out blasting in parallel tracks in such a way that the dust hose and electric cable do not become twisted.

Figure 6.1 shows the recommended blast paths leading away from the filter unit.

Make sure that no vehicles, such as forklift trucks and other equipment run over the electric cable and the dust hose.

The selection of the correct advancing speed of the blast machine is important for a good blast result. In the case that the surface has different characteristics (e.g. different hardness or different coating thicknesses), a uniform blast result can be achieved by varying the advancing speed during blast cleaning.

#### 6.2 Information about advancing speed

The advancing speed depends on the material of the surface to be blast cleaned and the desired profiling.

The correct advancing speed can be found out by observing the blasted surface and varying the speed during the blast cleaning process.

Slight profiling on concrete requires a higher speed than coarse profiling (6 - 10).

Blasting on steel requires a very low advancing speed (0 -2).



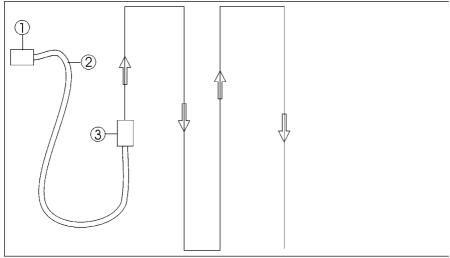
## **Operation**

#### 6.3 **Recommended blast paths**

Position the filter unit near to a power supply connection.

Place the blast cleaning machine near to the filter unit and spread out the hose as shown in fig. 6.1.

Work with the blast cleaning machine, with the hose spread out in the opposite direction, repeating the process away from the filter unit.



- Fig. 6.1
- 1 Filter unit
- 2 **Dust hose**
- 3 Blast cleaning machine

Travel stepwise over the work area considering the service length of the dust hose.

Finish the blast cleaning process by blasting the area where the filter unit originally stood.



1-8DPS30 220V-SP

## **Operation**

## 6.4 Switching-off the machine

- Shut off the abrasive supply by actuating the abrasive control lever.
- Advance the machine until you are sure that no deep holes are being blasted into the surface.
- Release the dead man's handle for the travel motor so that it snaps back into its resting position. The travel motor switches off.
- Press the push button "Blast wheel OFF". This switches off the blast wheel motor.
- Set the main switch of the blast cleaning machine to "OFF".
- After several minutes press the push buttons "Fan OFF" and "Compressor OFF" on the filter unit.





Make sure that all turning machine parts have come to standstill before any inspection or maintenance works are started.

When the **Blastrac** blast cleaning machine is put out of operation for a longer period of time, pull out the mains plug and cover the machine with a plastic foil.

#### 6.5 What to do if a fault occurs

Irrespective of the following information, the local safety regulations are valid in any case for the operation of the machine.



First put the machine to its Safety off position. After that start looking for the defect.

### 1-8DPS30 220V-SP

## 



## **Operation**

## 6.6 Safety shutdown

The machine must be put to its safety off position before starting repair works. See Chapter 2 "Safety instructions".



#### 6.7 Restarting after a fault

See Chapter 5 "Initial operation".



All persons in the proximity of the machine must wear safety glasses with lateral protection as well as safety shoes. The operator is obliged to wear close-fitting protective clothing.

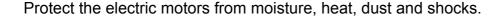


#### 6.8 Measures before and after long standstills

Standstill of the machine for a maximum of 3 months.

## Before a long standstill period

Switch off the machine (see Chapter 6.4).





Clean the machine and cover it with a plastic foil.

Preserve bright parts of the machine and power pack with Tectyl 506, for example, or a similar preservative.

#### After a long standstill period

See Chapter 5 "Initial operation".





## **Maintenance**

## **Contents Chapter 7**

- 7.1 Recommendations
- 7.2 Maintenance and inspection list
- 7.3 Repairing
- 7.4 The blast pattern
- 7.5 Setting the blast pattern
- 7.6 Setting the control cage
- Setting the magnetic and brush seals
- 7.8 V-belts
- 7.9 Fitting the V-belts
- 7.10 Tensioning the V-belts
- 7.11 Taper locks
- 7.12 The chain drive
- 7.13 Fitting the chain wheels
- 7.14 Fitting the chain



## 1-8DPS30 220V-SP

## **Maintenance**

## **Contents Chapter 7**

- 7.15 Maintaining and repairing the chain
- 7.16 Adjusting the chain tension of the travel drive motor
- 7.17 Wear parts
- 7.18 Changing the tune-up kit
- 7.19 Changing the liners



#### **Maintenance**

#### 7.1 Recommendations

With maintenance and inspection works, please observe Chapter 2 "Safety instructions".



Failures due to inadequate or incorrect maintenance may generate very high repair costs and long standstill periods of the machine. **Regular** maintenance is therefore imperative.

Operational safety and service life of the machine depend, among other things, on proper maintenance.

The following table shows recommendations about time, inspection and maintenance for the normal use of the machine.

The time indications are based on uninterrupted operation. When the indicated number of working hours is not achieved during the corresponding period, the period can be extended. However a full overhaul must be carried out at least once a year.

Due to different working conditions it cannot be foreseen how frequently inspections for wear checkings, inspection, maintenance and repair works ought to be carried out. Prepare a suitable inspection schedule considering your own working conditions.

Our specialists will be happy to assist you with more advice.

Prior to any repair works on the machine and its drives, secure the machine against unintentional switching-on. Put the machine to its safety off position.



The supplier's operating and maintenance instructions should also be followed during service and maintenance.





## 7.2 Maintenance and inspection list

Operating hours/ time period	Inspection points, maintenance instructions
	1
12 h after repairing	Check the efficiency of all safety devices. Check all accessible screw connections for tight seat.
every 3 h	Check whether there is any foreign matter in the hopper, the feed spout or in the blast wheel unit.
daily and prior to starting work	Verify the functioning of the fault current breaker. Check the hose connections for tightness and fixed seat. Check the hose to the filter for damages. Make sure that the dust container of the filter is emptied. Check blast wheel, feed spout, liners and fasteners for wear and damage. Check the separator parts for wear and defects. Remove foreign bodies and dust deposits. Check the level of abrasive in the storage hopper. Top up if necessary. Check the magnetic and brush seals for wear. Check the electric connections for sediments of dirt or foreign bodies. Check the electric motor for dirt and other contaminants.
annually	Full overhaul and cleaning of the complete machine.

## **Operating Instructions**



#### **Maintenance**

## 7.3 Repairing

As already mentioned in Chapter 5 "Initial operation" we recommend to execute the first repair works on the machine with the help of **Blastrac** personnel. With this your maintenance personnel gets the opportunity to be trained intensely.



Only those repair works are described which occur within the context of maintenance or which are required to replace wear parts.

If you replace parts yourself for specific reasons, the following instructions and work sequence have to be observed.

You should also stock all spare or wear parts that cannot be supplied quickly. As a rule, production standstill periods are more expensive than the cost for the corresponding spare part.



Screws that have been removed must be replaced with those of the same quality (strength, material) and design.

Prior to any repair works on the machine and its drives, secure the machine against unintentional switching-on. Pull out the mains plug in order to do this.



#### **Maintenance**

#### 7.4 The blast pattern

Abrasive leaving the blast wheel blades is not thrown in all directions. Scatter is restricted to an angle of about 50°. This is achieved through the use of a control cage which surrounds the impeller. The position of the window in the control cage determines the blast pattern.

Correct adjustment of the control cage and thus of the blast pattern is most important factor for optimum working 1-8DPS30 220V-SP blast cleaning machine.



Incorrect adjustment of the control cage results in very high wear and premature blasting-through of the liners in the blast wheel housing, as well as reduced blasting performance and a possible loss of the rebounce energy of the abrasive.

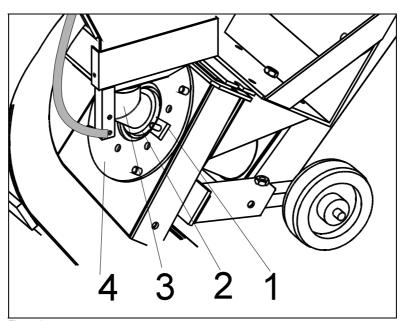


Fig. 7.1

- Cage clamp
- 2 Control cage
- Feed spout
- Cage retaining plate

The adjustment is effected by loosening the cage clamps (pos.1) and turning of the control cage (pos.2).

## **Operating Instructions**



#### **Maintenance**

Every time the control cage is replaced, the thread of the blast wheel fastening screw should be checked. Make sure that this screw will be tightened correctly. In addition, absolute care must be taken to clean the thread from dust and abrasive.



After each blast wheel repair work switch on the blast wheel motor for a short period (without feeding abrasive) in order to find out whether the rotating parts turn freely and without vibration. After that, the blast cleaning procedure can be continued.

The blast wheel motor is designed for a long service life. Damages to the blast wheel motor can be detected by unusual noises or functional failure of the electric motor. In this case notify our service department.



#### 7.5 Setting the blast pattern

In order to obtain a uniform and perfect blast pattern on the surfaces to be treated, the correct adjustment of the blast pattern is of utmost importance.

Prior to any repair works on the machine and its drives, secure the machine against unintentional switching-on. Put the machine to its safety off position.



An incorrect adjustment o	f the blast	pattern	results	in:
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- ☐ Uneven cleaning (shadows on the right or left hand side).
- ☐ Extremely high wear of the tune-up kit and the liners.

## The following 4 factors affect the blast pattern:

#### Turning direction of the blast wheel:

☐ The turning direction of the blast wheel must correspond to the instructions on the housing (arrow indicating the turning direction).

## Worn tune-up kit:

☐ With increased wear of the tune-up kit (impeller, control cage) the blast pattern will change.

#### Size of abrasive:

☐ The size of the abrasive affects the blast pattern. With every exchange of abrasive, the blast pattern must be re-adjusted.

### Position of the control cage:

- ☐ The correct adjustment of the control cage is the most important factor to obtain an optimum blast pattern. Each control cage has a lateral window. The position of the window determines where the abrasive is fed onto the blast wheel blades and where it hits the surface to be treated.
- ☐ After each exchange of the tune-up kit the adjustment of the control cage must be checked and re-adjusted by creating a blast pattern. The same applies for blasting on another type of surface.



#### 7.6 Setting the control cage

The adjustment is effected by loosening the cage clamps and turning the control cage in the suitable direction. The cast grooves on the control cage show the position of the control cage opening. The feed spout remains in its former position. The following adjustment standard value is valid: the control cage opening is approximately opposite to the throwing angle. The abrasive grain size plays an important role here. Different types of abrasive have different throwing characteristics due to their different weights and frictional resistance. This means that you must never use different types of abrasive at the same time.

After fitting new spare parts always create a blast pattern in order to check the blasting direction. This is the only way to grant economical work and to avoid unnecessary wear and repair costs.



The adjustment can be carried out as follows:

- Determine the upper and lower window edges.
- ☐ Set the upper window edge (1) of the control cage to imaginary 11.30 of a dial (see fig. 7.2).

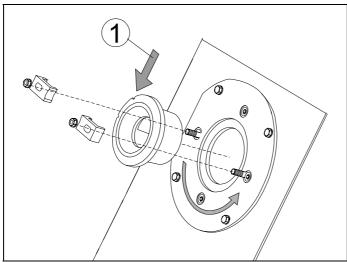
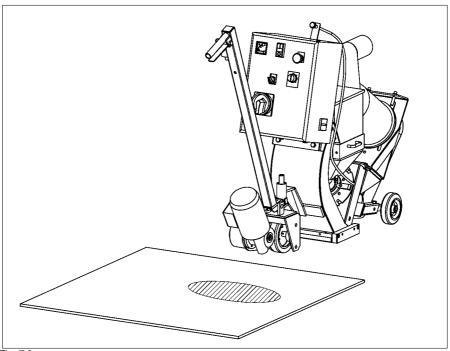


Fig. 7.2



- ☐ Move the blast head of the blast machine onto a 5-8 mm thick steel plate and blast for 45 seconds at full amperage without moving the machine from the spot.
- ☐ Move the machine from the blast zone and carefully inspect the steel plate.
- ☐ You will find the hot spot on the blasted surface where the machine has developed the highest blast cleaning intensity. This spot is normally somewhat lighter than the rest of the blast cleaned area due to the large amount of heat that is generated.



- Fig. 7.3
- ☐ Adjust the control cage until the hot spot is exactly in the middle of the blast pattern.
- ☐ Now the blasting procedure can be started. When a concrete surface is to be blasted, check the blast pattern again after some meters and re-adjust slightly if necessary. The blast pattern will change with and increased wear of the tune-up kit and when the size of the employed abrasive is changed.



#### **Maintenance**

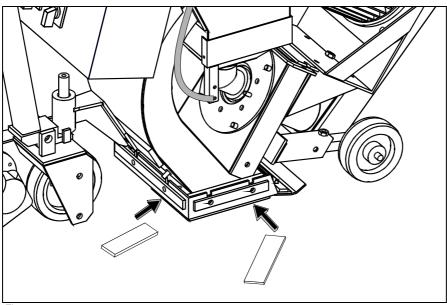
Never loosen the cage clamps or try to adjust the control cage when the machine is in operation.



- ☐ View from the middle of the blast machine toward the control cage:
- ☐ If the blast result shows strong blasting on the right-hand side and weak blasting on the left-hand side (shadows), turn the upper edge of the control cage clockwise for 3-6 mm.
- ☐ If the blast result shows strong blasting on the left-hand side and weak blasting on the right-hand side (shadows), turn the upper edge of the control cage anti-clockwise for 3-6 mm.

#### 7.7 Setting the magnetic and brush seals

The adjustment height of the magnetic seals, parallel to the surface to treated, should be set to about 6-8 mm everywhere.



For the height adjustment a 6 mm (stainless) steel strip is shifted below the magnetic sealing.



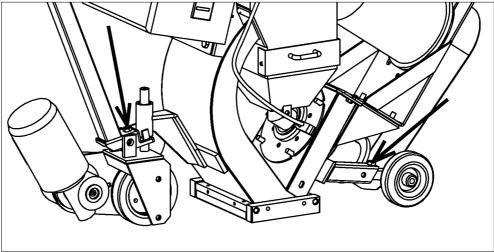


Fig. 7.5

1 Front setting screw quantity: Rear setting screw quantity: 2

Adjust the height with the setting screws until the correct distance of 6-8 mm has been reached.

With the Blastrac model 1-8DPS30 220V-SP the adjustment is done using 3 setting screws (one each at the rear wheels and one at the front drive wheel bracket below the control box).

The height of the brush seals should be maximum 1 mm above the surface. Adjustment is effected through slotted holes.

## **Operating Instructions**



#### **Maintenance**

#### 7.8 V-belts

The V-belt drive is designed for the required drive power. Forcing the drive to grant a higher output by overtensioning the V-belt results in belt breaks, bearing damage and thus to lower efficiency. A low V-belt tension results in slippage causing an increased belt temperature and thus to premature destruction of the V-belts. Temperatures exceeding 70°C for a long period of time reduce the service life and performance of the V-belts. The grooves of the V-belt pulleys have to be free from rust, grease, dirt and damages. The use of belt wax or similar substances to increase the friction coefficient is unnecessary and damages the V-belts. Avoid any contaminations by oil, grease or chemicals.

In order to grant a perfect output transmission, the V-belt drive must be observed continuously.

## V-belt ratings

See Chapter 10 "Spare parts".

### 7.9 Fitting the V-belts

Remove the belt guard only when the blast wheel motor is at a standstill and the main switch of the blast cleaning machine is locked.



Release the tension of the V-belt drive by reducing the distance between the shafts of the blast wheel motor and blast wheel bearing unit.

Insert the V-belt in the V-belt pulley grooves manually without forcing the belt.

## **Maintenance**

Tension the V-belt by increasing the distance between the shafts of the blast wheel motor and the blast wheel bearing unit as described below.

Mount the pertaining protective drive equipment.

### 7.10 Tensioning the V-belts

The correct V-belt pre-tension is of great importance for the perfect output transmission and for maintaining the normal service life of the V-belts. Insufficient or excessive pre-tensioning frequently leads to premature failure of the V-belts. Over-tensioning often causes bearing defects in the blast wheel motor or in the blast wheel bearing unit.

Check the correct pre-tension in accordance with fig. 7.6 by pressing down the belt. The distance the belt can be pressed down should be 10-15 mm.

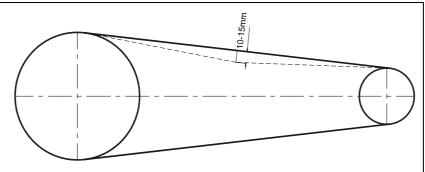


Fig. 7.6



#### **Maintenance**

#### 7.11 Taper locks

Taper locks are used to shrink-fit hubs on shafts. Mounting and demounting only requires a screw driver DIN 911 (Allan key). Tightening and loosening is effected with the same threaded pins or screws.

Taper locks are cylindrical on the inside, tapered on the outside and slit longitudinally. The smaller bushes 2 and 3 have in the large face their cylindrical blind holes in parallel to the axis which, however, are only placed half in the bush material. The other halves of these blind holes are threaded and are placed inside the hub.

Threaded pins or screws are screwed to the stop in the boreholes using an Allan key. When the screws are tightened further using a certain amount of force the hub is drawn up to the tapered bush which is pressed onto the shaft with great force.







Fig. 7.8



Fig. 7.9

#### **Demounting**

- ☐ Demount the screws in the belt pulleys. Lubricate the thread and the tip of the screw and turn it into the bore as shown in fig. 7.7.
- ☐ Turn the screw until the taper lock is loosely seated inside the pulley and, thus, the assembly is loose on the shaft (fig. 7.8).
- ☐ Take the pulley and the taper lock from the shaft (fig. 7.9).



# Mounting

☐ Make sure that all contact surfaces are free from dirt and oil. Place the taper lock into the pulley.
☐ Lubricate the screws slightly and insert them into the respecting threaded holes.
☐ Clean the shaft and shift the pulley with the taper lock, as one unit, onto the shaft and position the assembly. Take care that first the taper lock is fixed on the shaft before the pulley is received by the bush.
☐ Use an Allan key to alternately screw in the screws.
☐ Knock the frontal face of the bush lightly with a hammer to make sure that the bush is seated in the centre of the pulley (use a mandrel to avoid any damages).
☐ Now tighten the screws. Repeat the alternating hammering and tightening until all screws have been fully tightened.



#### **Maintenance**

#### 7.12 The chain drive

The mounting, demounting and repair works should always be executed with the appropriate tools. With these works the prevailing safety regulations must be strictly observed.

Chain drives are relatively robust and reliable even under unfavourable operating conditions. Incorrect mounting and insufficient lubrication and maintenance cause premature wear of the chain and the chain wheels. Careful fitting of the chain drives and appropriate maintenance therefore both contribute to a long service life.

Remove the chain guards only when the drive motors are at a standstill and the main switch of the blast cleaning machine



#### 7.13 Fitting the chain wheels

The chain wheels must be aligned. In order to achieve this the both the shafts and the chain wheels must parallel and dimensioned according the load.

Check the mounting precision by means of a ruler to be put to the chain wheels (see fig. 7.10). This has to be carried out several times with different chain wheel positions. Incorrect mounting makes internal link plates press against the external link plates and, thus, accelerates the chain wear or even causes the chain wheels to lock up.

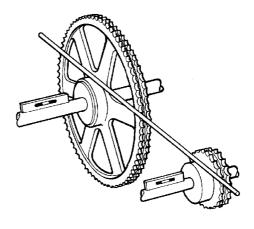


Fig. 7.10

## **Maintenance**

## 7.14 Fitting the chain

Before mounting the chain it must be degreased to prevent any abrasive or abrasive particles from adhering.

The chain is supplied as a chain string and has to be prepared during mounting. This is done as follows: Place the chain on the chain wheels so that the links lie in tow adjacent gaps between the teeth. Now close the chain using the coupling link. With heavy chains or big distances between the shafts use a pre-stressing tool in order to bring the two end links so close together that the coupling link can be inserted without being deformed (fig. 7.11).

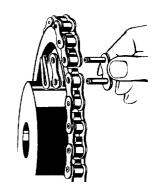


Fig. 7.11

On mounting coupling links with springs, their closed sides should point to the running direction of the chain (see fig. 7.12). Put the spring onto the link plate and press it over the pin into the ring groove by means of a pair of tongs. Demount the spring in the opposite order.



Fig. 7.12

#### 7.15 Maintaining and repairing the chain

A chain drive needs relatively little maintenance when the correct chain is selected, when it is mounted correctly and, in this case of application, is not lubricated. The drive chain is protected by a chain guard. The chain guard prevents excessive contamination and prevents accidents.

The chain drive should be cleaned every three months. On these occasions check the aligning of the chain wheels and the chain tension.



In order to clean thoroughly first remove the dirt adhering to the outside of the chain drive using a hard or wire brush. Then wash the chain in petroleum ether or similar. After that clean the dirt from the internal parts of the chain. For this put the chain for approx. 24 hours in petroleum ether, diesel or another solvent in order to soften the dirt in the chain joints and the hardened lubricant remnants. Move the chain several times back and forward in the bath to clean the joints.

## 7.16 Adjusting the chain tension of the travel drive motor

The travel drive motor is mounted on a receiver plate with slotted holes. When it is necessary to re-tense the chain, this can be carried out by shifting the motor in the slotted holes (1). The correct chain tension is achieved when the chain allows to be pressed for about 5 mm between the chain wheels (fig. 7.13).

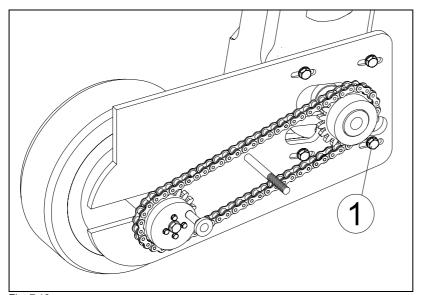


Fig. 7.13



# 7.17 Wear parts

# The tune-up kit

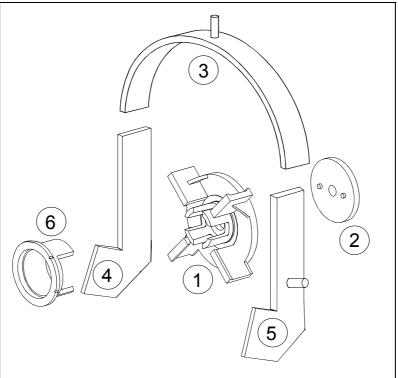


Fig. 7.14

- 1 Blast wheel
- Wheel hub
- 2 Top liner Left liner
- 4
- 5
- Right liner Control cage 6



### The liners

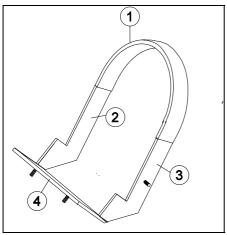


Fig. 7.15

- 1 Top liner
- Left liner
- Right liner
- Plenum bottom liner

## 7.18 Changing the tune-up kit

The tune-up kit consists of the blast wheel, control cage and screw.

# **Demounting:**

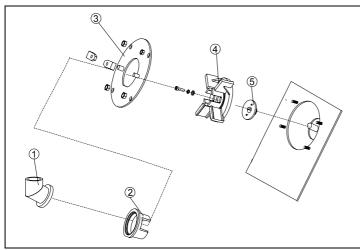


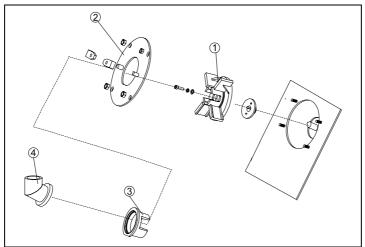
Fig. 7.16

1 Remove the feed spout by pulling it out of the housing.



- 2 Loosen the cage clamps and remove the control cage.
- 3 Unscrew the 4 screws of the cage retaining plate and take it off.
- 4 Loosen the fixing screws of the blast wheel while holding the blast wheel still. Take the blast wheel out of the housing.
- 5 Check the wheel hub for wear and replace it if necessary.

### **Mounting:**



- Fig. 7.17
  - 1 Clean all threads and use a new blast wheel fixing screw. Place the blast wheel on the wheel hub through the blast housing opening. Tighten the blast wheel by fastening the fixing screw.
  - 2 Fix the cage retaining plate using the 4 screws.
  - 3 Insert the control cage in the centre (observe Chapter 7.5 "Setting the blast pattern") and clamp the control cage with the cage clamps so that the blast wheel can rotate freely. Turn the blast wheel manually. It must rotate freely.
  - 4 Place the feed spouts in the housing.

# 



### **Maintenance**

### 7.19 Changing the liners

### **Demounting:**

- 1 Loosen the pressure screws of the top liner. Unscrew the housing top cover and remove it.
- 2 Loosen the fastening screws for the left and right liners and take them out of the housing.
- 3 For demounting the plenum liners, loosen the fixing screws at the outside of the rebound area and push the liners to the inside and remove them at the bottom.

## **Mounting:**

- 1 Prior to mounting the liners, check all threads for contaminants and clean them if necessary.
- 2 First place the plenum liners inside the bottom of the housing and fix them with nuts.
- 3 Place the side liners inside the housing in a way that the bolt of the liner aligns with the hole in the housing. Fasten the side liner with a nut.
- 4 Mount the top liner. Make sure that the top liner sits close at the edges of the side liners. For this, tighten the pressure screws of the top liner slightly and press the top liner against the side liner.

Important note: Take care that all liners have the same height. Adjust any differences in height by grinding. This is important to obtain a perfect sealing of the blast housing by its front cover plates.



# 1-8DPS30 220V-SP

# 



# **Electrical systems**

# **Contents Chapter 8**

- Recommendations for the electrical systems
- 8.2 Circuit diagrams 1-8DPS30 220V-SP



# **BLASTRAC** Operating Instructions

## **Electrical systems**

### 8.1 Recommendations for the electrical systems



Work on electrical equipment or operating materials may only be undertaken by a skilled electrician or by trained persons under the guidance and supervision of a skilled electrician as well as in accordance with the electrical engineering regulations.



Order electric components referring to the circuit diagrams in Chapter 8.2 or contact Blastrac Customer Service.



Observe of EN60204-1 VDE0701 the regulations and (measurements after maintenance and repairs).

0

**PROJECT** 

Client : BLASTRAC BV

: 1-8DPS 30 / 230V SF UL Name

> Supplier : BLASTRAC BV

Contact

Particulars:

: +31(0)30-6018866 Telephone Telefax : +31(0)30-6018333

Email

**SUPPLIER** 

Draw.number : PJ06.02893T1A

Order number

**DATA** 

Arch.number : PJ06.02893T1A

Calc. number

Status : As Built

Start of project : 03.04.2006

Latest change : 27.04.2006 (GKU) Highest page number : 9

Number of pages : 10

03.04.2006 Print Revision 27.04.2006 Status As Built

**BLASTRAC BV** 1-8DPS 30 / 230V SF UL



Front page

PJ06.02893T1A

PJ06.02893T1A

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# Table of contents

Page	Summary	Engineer	Latest change	Ву	Х
1	Front page	GKU	03.04.2006	GKU	
2	Table of contents	GKU	27.04.2006	GKU	
3	Explanations	GKU	27.04.2006	GKU	
3.1	Symbol explanation	GKU	03.04.2006	GKU	
4	Switch cabinet summary	GKU	27.04.2006	GKU	
5	Main current	GKU	27.04.2006	GKU	
6	Control current	GKU	27.04.2006	GKU	
7	Terminal strip X0	GKU	27.04.2006	GKU	
8	Terminal strip X1	GKU	27.04.2006	GKU	
9	Terminal strip X2	GKU	27.04.2006	GKU	

Revision 03.04.2006 BLASTRAC BV Revision 1-8DPS 30 / 230V SF UL Print 27.04.2006 Revision



Table of contents

Arch.nr. PJ06.02893T1A

PJ06.02893T1A

0 1 2 3 4 5 6 7 8 9

Wire color:

Main-voltage:

-Black

N -Light blue

PE / ⊕ -Yellow / Green

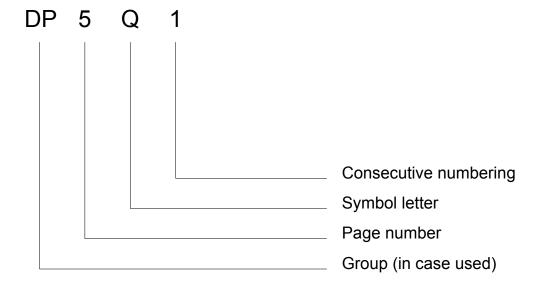
Control-voltage AC 230V

Phase -White
Hook-up wire -White
Null -White

Potential free and stranger-voltage:

Potential free -Red

Symbol code explanation:



Archive number explanation:

PJ01.01234T1A

Revision letter
Serial number
Archive number

 Revision
 Start
 03.04.2006

 Revision
 Eng.
 GKU

 Revision
 Print
 27.04.2006

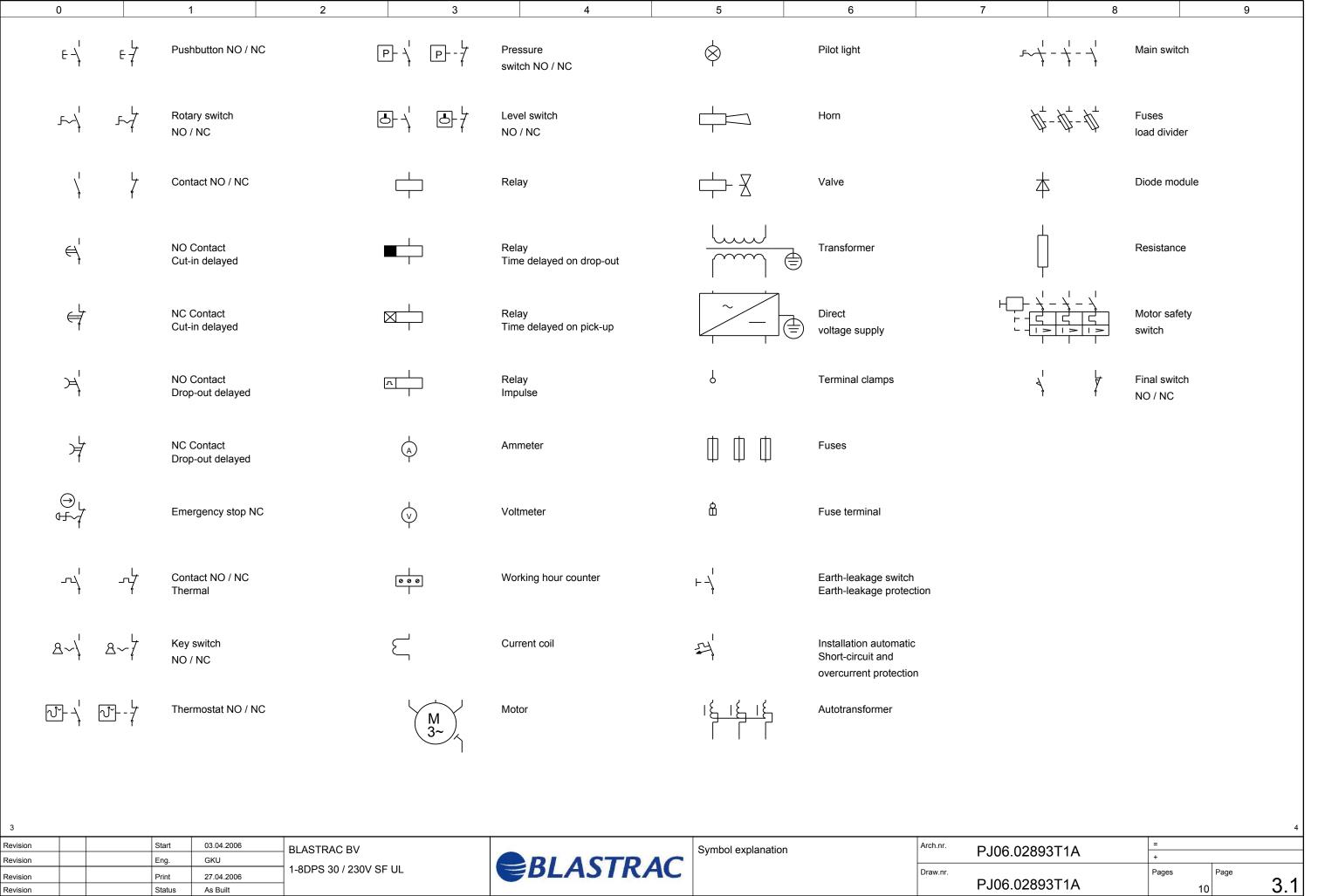
 Revision
 Status
 As Built

BLASTRAC BV 1-8DPS 30 / 230V SF UL

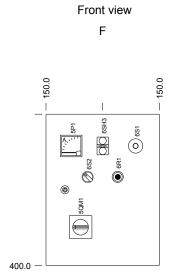


Explanations

Arch.nr. PJ06.02893T1A = + Page Page Page 3









Mounting plate M

# Cabinet data

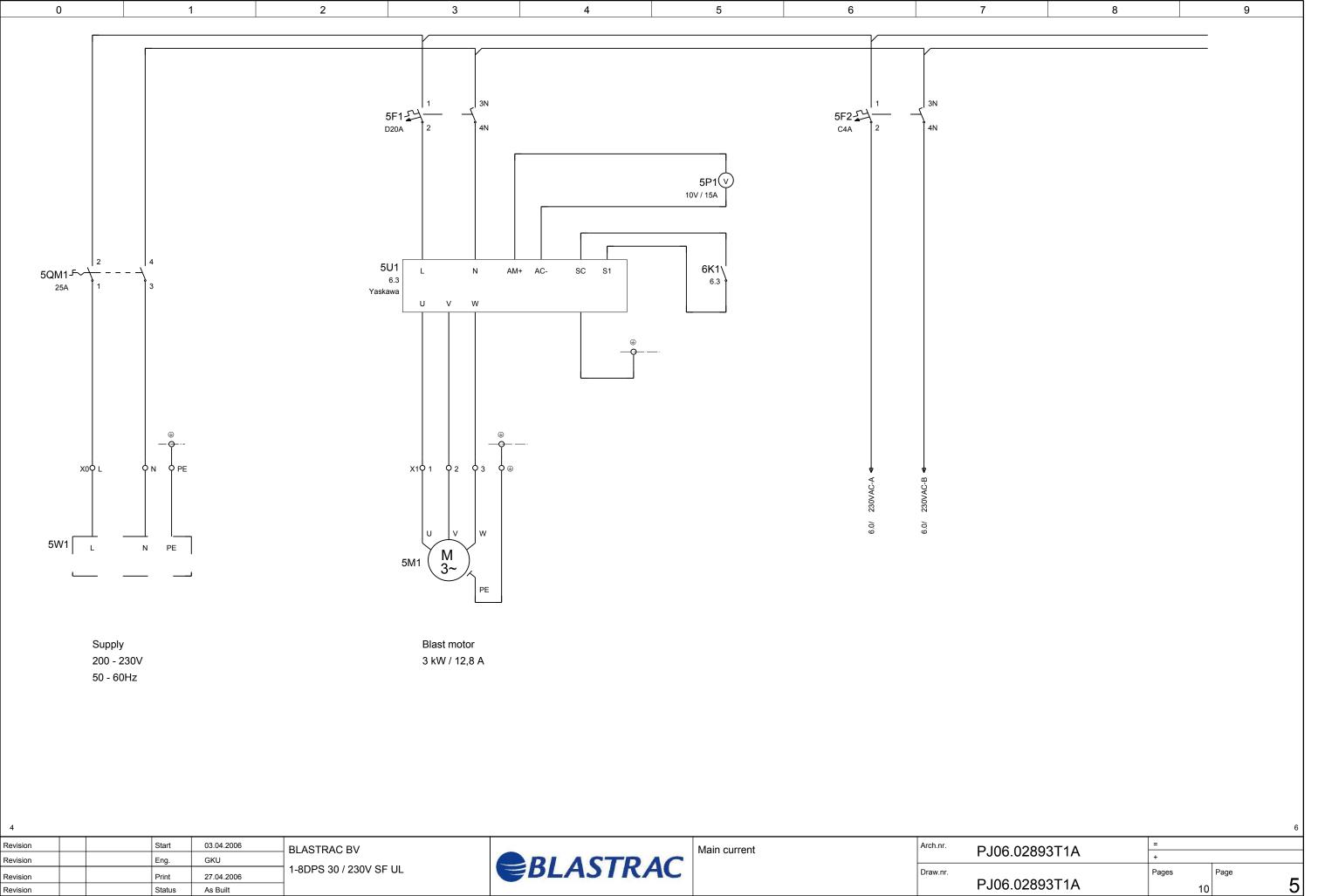
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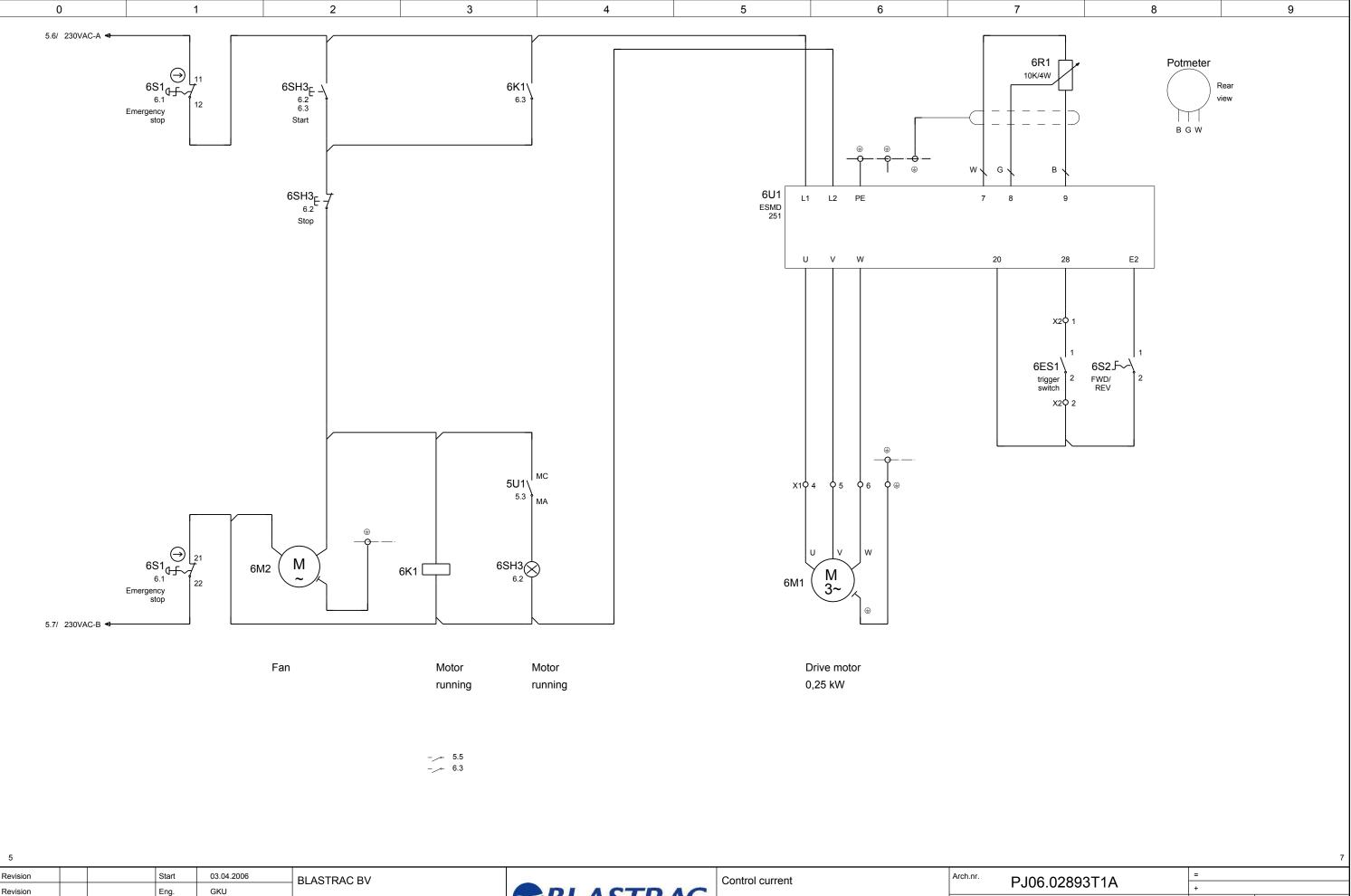
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Dim : 400x300x150mm (HxWxD)

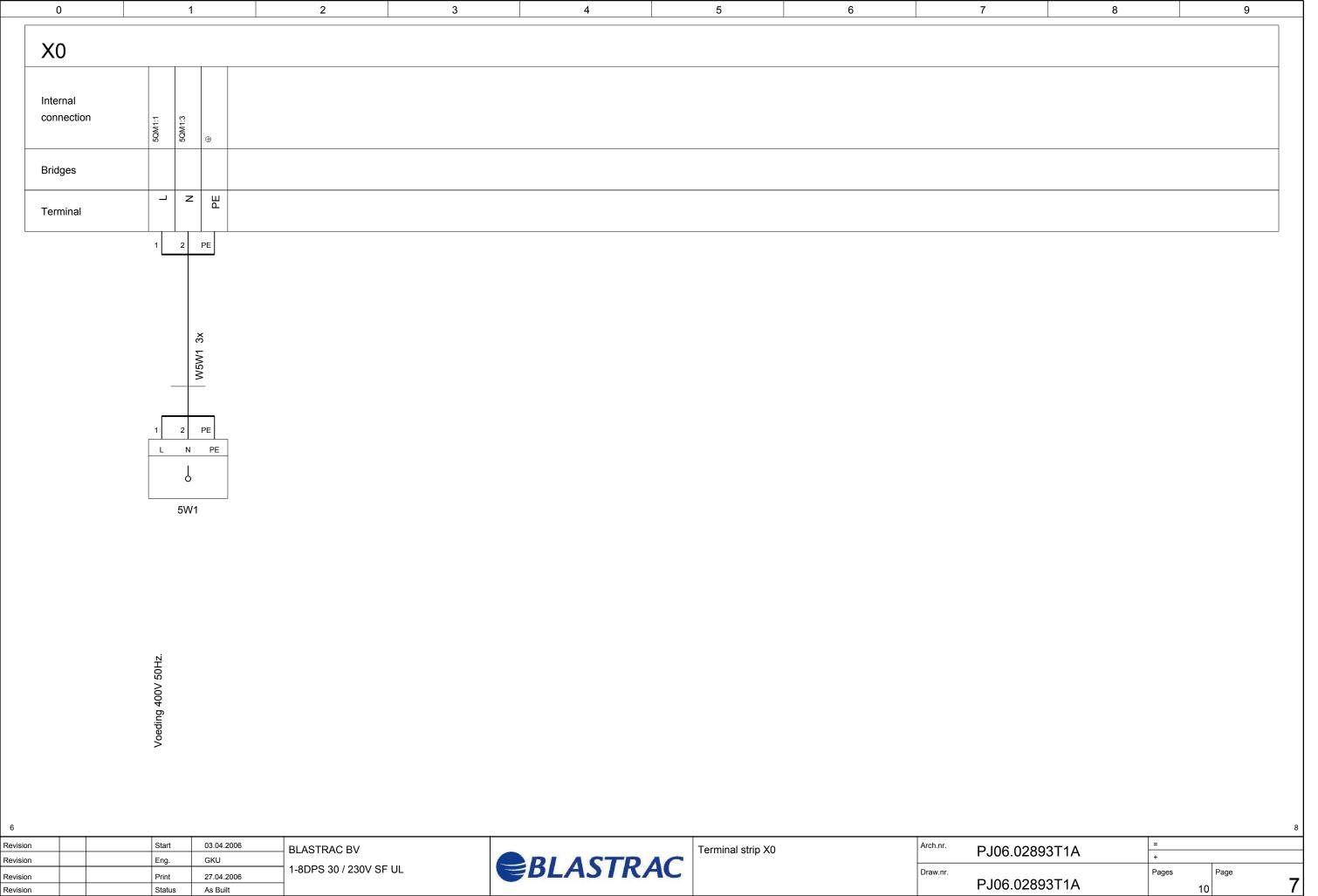
Colour: RAL 7032

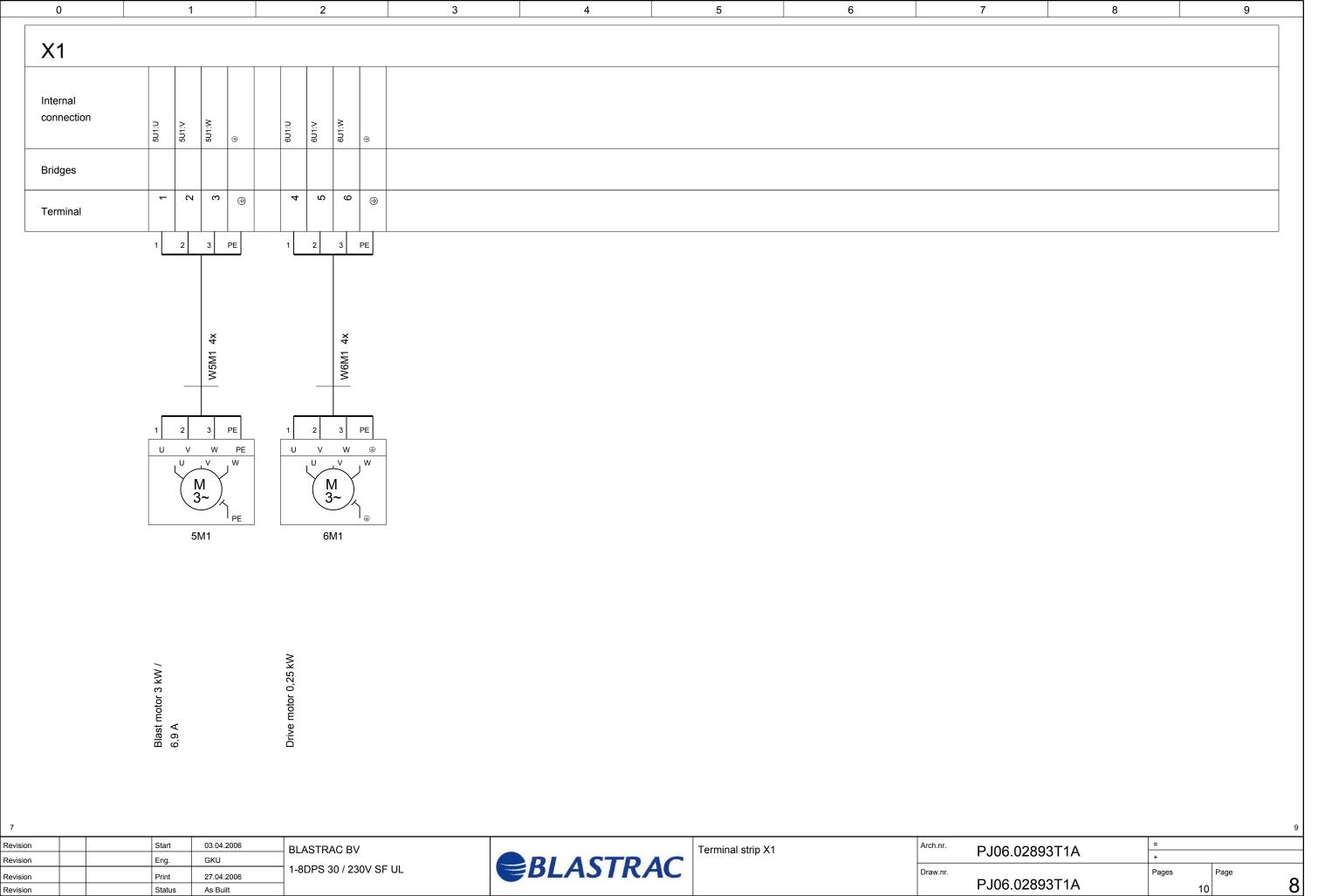
3.1 Revision Start 03.04.2006 Arch.nr. Switch cabinet summary PJ06.02893T1A BLASTRAC BV **BLASTRAC** Revision Eng. GKU 1-8DPS 30 / 230V SF UL Print 27.04.2006 Revision PJ06.02893T1A Status As Built Revision

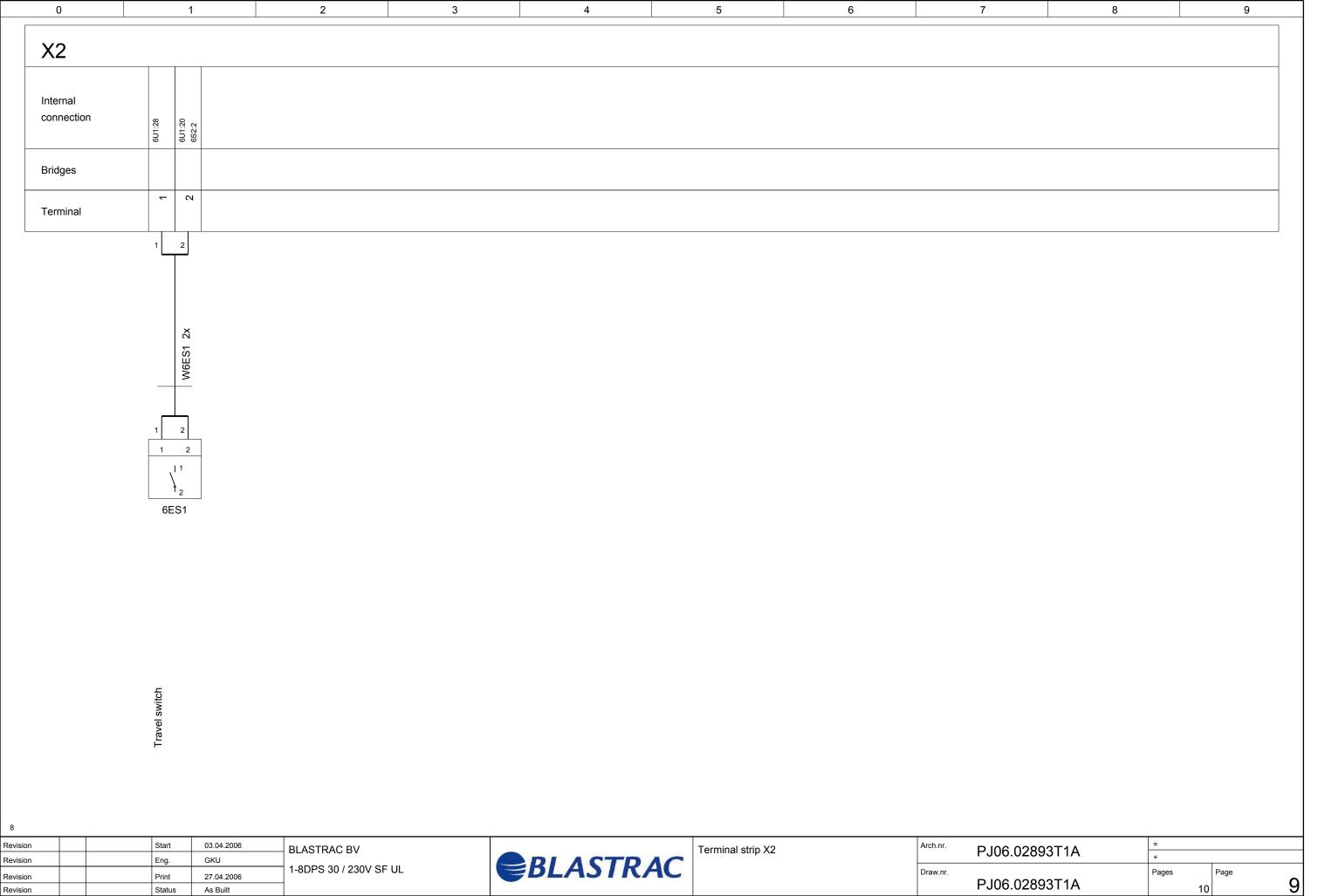




| Revision | Start | 03.04.2006 | Revision | Eng. | GKU | 1-8DPS 30 / 230V SF UL | | EBLASTRAC | Control current | Arch.nr. | PJ06.02893T1A | | PJ06.02893T1A | | PJ06.02893T1A | Pages | Page | Page







# 1-8DPS30 220V-SP

# 



# Fault diagnosis

# **Contents Chapter 9**

- 9.1 Fault diagnosis blast machine
- 9.2 Fault diagnosis electrical system



# **Fault diagnosis**

## 9.1 Fault diagnosis - blast machine



Prior to any repair works on the machine or its drives the machine must be secured against unintentional switching-on. Put the machine to its Safety off position.

Fault	Possible cause	Remedy
Excessive vibration	Blast wheel is worn irregularly. Imbalance due to worn or broken wheel blades.	Replacing the tune-up kit. Replace the tune-up kit and remove all broken parts from the machine.
Unusual noise	Too little play or poor alignment of the rotating parts.	Check alignment of the rotating parts (blast wheel and control cage).
	Loose and incorrect set screws.	Check whether all screws and parts are fixed tightly).
	Squeaking wheels.	Replace the wheels.
	Seizing motor.	Replace the motor.
Reduced or no blasting performance	Inadequate abrasive supply to the blast wheel.	Clean wire mesh, top up abrasive if necessary.
portermance	Contaminated abrasive.	Abrasive is heavily contaminated, check the ventilation system.
	Feeding of abrasive - magnetic valve and abrasive storage hopper.	Check and clean blocked feed spout or magnetic valve.



# Fault diagnosis

Fault	Possible cause	Remedy
Reduced or no blasting performance	Blast wheel or control cage.	Worn blast wheel or control cage, replace tune-up kit if necessary.
	Adjustment of the magnetic valve.	Check the adjustment of the magnetic valve.
	"Shocked blast wheel". At the start of the blast process too much abrasive at once hits the wheel.	Close the magnetic valve and stop the blast wheel motor. Start the blast process again and slowly open the valve.
	The travel speed is too high.	Reduce the travel speed.
Escaping abrasive	Poor sealing.	Check all seals and replace if necessary.
Abrasive loss on the surface or escaping abrasive at	Incorrect height adjustment of the magnetic seals.	Adjust the magnetic seals.
the blast head	Worn magnetic seals.	Replace the magnetic seals.
	Poor abrasive quality.	Contact Blastrac.
	Worn tune-up kit.	Replace the tune-up kit.
Contaminated abrasive	The filter unit is not generating enough suction power so that dust remains in the abrasive.	Check the filter unit (cartridges and seals)



# **BLASTRAC** Operating Instructions

## 1-8DPS30 220V-SP

# **Fault diagnosis**

Fault	Possible cause	Remedy
Excessive wear in blast housing and rebound plenum	Wrong abrasive.  Incorrect setting of the control cage	Contact <b>Blastrac</b> .  The thrown abrasive blasts the housing and not the surface to be blasted. Adjust the blast pattern.
Machine is not moving	The travel speed is too low.  Blast head gets caught on the floor.	Increase the travel speed.  Press down the steering lever for a short time.

## 9.2 Fault diagnosis - electrical system



Prior to any repair works on the machine or its drives the machine must be secured against unintentional switching-on. Put the machine to its Safety off position.

Fault	Possible cause	Remedy
Blast wheel does not switch on		Check and switch on again. Check the mains power supply.



# **Fault diagnosis**

Fault	Possible cause	Remedy
Blast wheel switches off during operation	Safety fuse or fault current breaker has triggered.	Have the fault checked by an electrician.
	Connection cable is defective.	Replace the cable.
	Cables connecting the units (travel motor, etc.) are defective.	Replace the cable.
	Motor protection switches have triggered.	Have the fault checked by an electrician.
Machine does not travel	Fuse defective, short circuit in the travel motor lead or tachometer lead, motor defective.	Have the unit checked by an electrician.
	Control unit defective.	Replace the control unit.
	Potentiometer defective.	Replace the potentiometer.

Note: If the motor protection switches of the blast wheel motors have been triggered by overload, they can be switched on again after a short cooling down period.

1-8DPS30 220V-SP	Operating Instructions	<b>⊜</b> BLASTRAC
	Spare parts	
Contents Chapter 10		

10.1 Spare parts 1-8DPS30 220V-SP



# 10.1 Spare parts 1-8DPS30 220V-SP

## Blast wheel unit

Item	Part no.	Description	Qty.
1	970012	Control cage clamp	2
2	B21637	Tune-up kit 6½"	1
3	B21027	Blast wheel cover plate	1
4	976310	Wheel hub	1
5	B21044	Top liner	1
	B21010	Top liner (steel)	1
6	969580	Side liner LH	1
	B21016	Side liner LH (steel)	1
7	969581	Side liner RH	1
	B21017	Side liner RH (steel)	1
8	969586	Screw for side liner	2
9	B21009	Plenum bottom liner	1

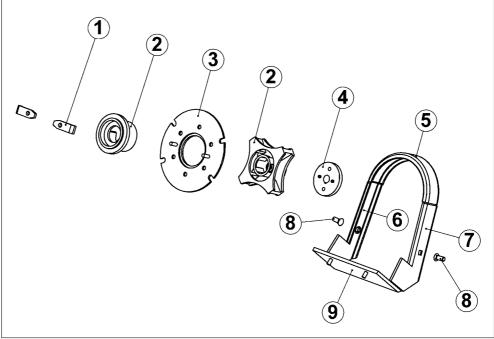




Fig. 10.1

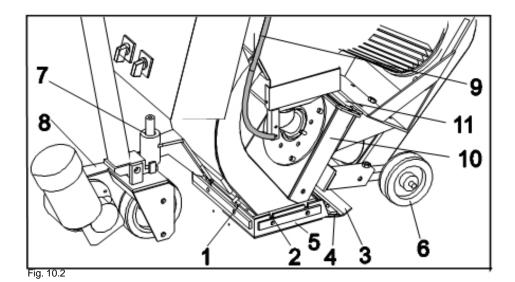
# **Operating Instructions**



# Spare parts

## **Blast head**

Item	Part no.	Description	Qty.
1	969763	Front magnet	1
2	969780	Side magnet	2
3	969212	Skid seal	1
4	004573	Skid seal rubber	1
5	004612	Base seal	1
6	974963	Wheel	2
7	004587	Sleeve bearing bush	2
8	979067	Chain guard	1
9	9756190	Abrasive control cable	1
10	B21001	Blast housing 1-8DPS	1
11	B21008	Blast housing cover	1



10



# Travel drive

Item	Part no.	Description	Qty.
1	E03024	Drive motor bracket	1
2	E03025	Handle stem	1
3	490074	Switch lever	1
4	454796	Limit switch	1
5	E03026	Drive motor	1
6	E03035	Drive shaft	1
7	478198	Quick release pin	1
8	979076	Drive motor sprocket	1
9	976818	Bearing for traction wheel	2
10	969409	Traction wheel	1
11	971621	Drive wheel shaft	1
12	970015	Rear retainer hub	1
13	979077	Drive sprocket	1
14		Washer	1
15	E00237	Drive chain	56cm
16	979067	Chain guard	1

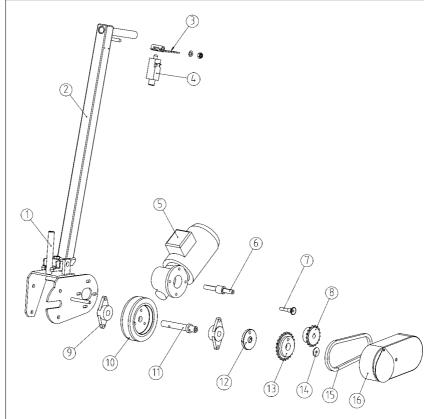




Fig. 10.3



# Separator

Item	Part no.	Description	Qty.
1	B21003	Deflector	1
2	B21006	Separator cover	1
3	970385	Separator handle	1
4	E03029	Separator 1-8DPS30 (220V-SP)	1
5	B21007	Separator tray	1
6	B21134	Handle	1
7	B21012	Spring plunger ball	2

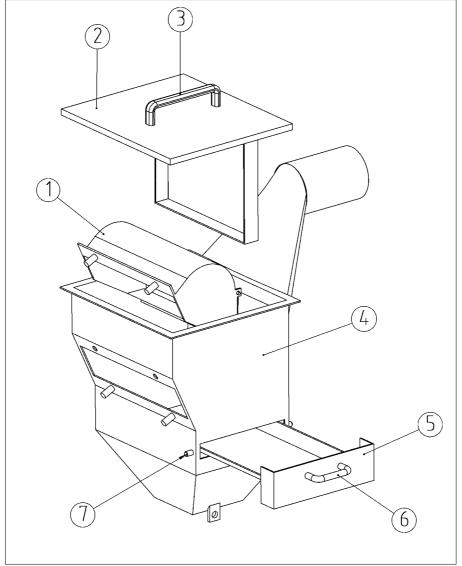


Fig. 10.4





## Blast wheel drive

Item	Part no.	Description	Qty.
1	E03027	Motor bracket	1
2	E03028	Fill up plate	1
3	E03034	Blast wheel motor 3 kW	1
4	B21005	Motor bracket support	1
5	979066	Motor mounting plate	1
6	976317	Felt ring	1
7	979085	Bearing unit	1
8	500-1065-SE	Belt guard rear plate seal	1
9	B21023	Belt guard rear plate	1
10	B22011/1	Poly V pulley	1
11	976826	Taperlock	1
12	B22014	Poly V belt	1
13	B21022	Belt guard	1
14	222-2270	Taperlock	1
15	491523/1	Poly V pulley	1

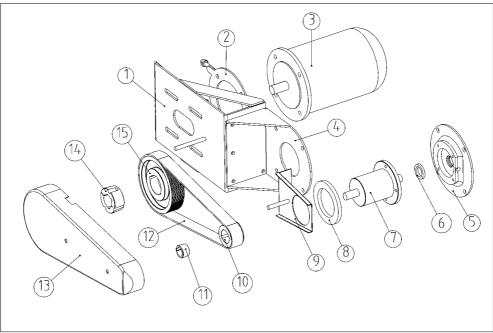


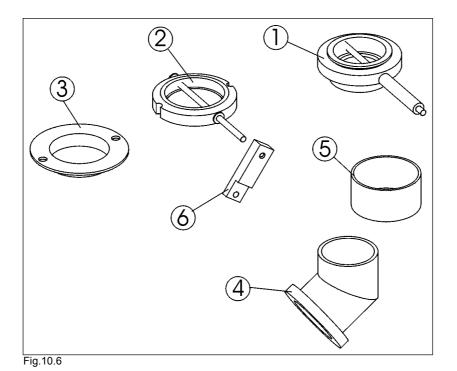


Fig. 10.5



# Magnetic valve unit

Item	Part no.	Description	Qty.
1	969819	Magnetic valve (for 1-8DPS30(220V-SP)/40/55)	1
2	973322	Magnetic valve (for 1-8DPS75)	1
3	B21035	Adapter magnetic valve (for 1-8DPS75)	1
4	967577	Feed spout	1
5	971500	Feed spout seal ring	1
6	959647	Valve lever	1



# **Electric components**

See Chapter 8.2 "Circuit diagrams"



# Maintenance box 1-8DPS30(220V-SP)/40/55

	<del>i</del>		
1	Maintenance box complete	000142	
1	Metal box	001030	
1	Left liner	969580	
1	Right liner	969581	
1	Top liner	B21044	
2	Tune-up kit 6"	B21637	
1	Abrasive control cable	969122	
1	Rear seal rubber	004573	
1	Rear seal metal	969212	
2	Round rubber seal	004612	
2	Belt	B22014	
1	Open-end spanner 10/11	001017	
1	Open-end spanner 13/17	001040	
1	Open-end spanner 17/19	001019	
1	Ratchet spanner 1/2"	000144	
1	Box spanner 8mm	000145	
1	Box spanner 13mm	000146	
1	Box spanner 17 mm	001043	
1	Screwdriver 5,5 x 100	001032	
1	Insulated screwdriver	001035	
1	Water pump pliers	001056	
1	Hammer	001000	
1	Safety glasses	001031	

